The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,175 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1887.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons.	H. P.	Captain		
L. ANCONA	3128	600	A. W. J. Webber	16th	Dec.
—NIZAM	3726	500	H. W. Hazelwood	23rd	"
L. MALWA	2989	500	G. W. Atkinson	30th	"

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back via Faranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa.

A steam-launch leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	On or about
BALLARAT	4752 900	E. Ashdown	22nd Dec.

Return Tickets are issued to all ports, for particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.

Bombay, Nov. 26, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 320, " 230.

First and second respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Bandbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
MANILLA	5,000 800	20th Dec.	10th Feb.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000 800	10th Jan.	1st March
D. BALDUINO	5,000 800	1st Feb.	20th March.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.		To sail
BISAGNO	...	On the 17th Dec.
STURA	...	On the 7th Jan.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 2, 1887.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE, BETWEEN BOMBAY,

LIVERPOOL AND THE MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
s.s. VICTORIA	J. Russel	3557	480	21st Dec.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, WITH LIBERTY TO TOUCH AT MARSEILLES.

PERSIA	J. Hutchinson	3317	480	14th Jan." 88
HISPANIA	J. W. Marr	3389	480	26th "
ARMENIA	T. Gibson	3495	480	12th Feb.

Passengers by s.s. Victoria can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles).

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, Dec. 6, 1887.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY OF CANTERBURY," 3,212 tons, Captain A. S. GRAY, will sail for LIVERPOOL on or about 28th December. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins, Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 16th November 1887.

HURJIMULL AND CO.,

INDIAN JEWELLERS AND SHAWL MERCHANTS,

HAVE always on hand a large and varied stocks of Gem, Gold and Silver Jewellery; a collection of old and rare Indian Coins; fine Colombo Stone Brooches; Diamond and other Precious Stones Jewellery; Startout Gold Alberts and Neckets; Indian, Chinese and Japanese Curios, &c., &c., all the above suitable for 'Xmas and New Year's Presents. Jewellery made to order in any design, and patterns. Ou station Orders promptly executed. Price Lists free.

ADDRESS:—
RAMPART ROW, AND MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF

FANCY AND PLAIN NEEDLEWORK AND EXHIBITION OF MRS. JARLEY'S (LIVING) WAX-WORKS,

In aid of the Building Fund of the Home for the Poor in Mazagon.

On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, December 9th and 10th,

AT THE TOWN HALL, FORT.

At the Sale there will be a large and varied selection of Fancy Articles, suitable for Christmas Presents, amongst which will be specially noticeable a beautiful

COLLECTION OF DOLLS, of all sizes, and prices.

All sorts of Needlework, China Glass Toys, Indian Ornaments, and Curiosities, and Warm and Useful Clothing for rich and for Poor,

Admission 8 As. Children under 12 and Servants, 4 As. Subscribers to the Home, Free.
Hours from 3 to 8 each day.

And on Saturday, December 10th, from 10 till 2, for Purdah Ladies only.

In addition to the other Stalls there will be a Flower Stall, a Refreshment Stall, a Book and Picture Stall.

Christmas Cards may be had at the Book Stall.

Special arrangements will be made to enable Purdah Ladies to visit the Bazaar on Saturday, December 10th, between 10 A.M. and 2 P. M.

All those assisting at the Bazaar will be distinguished by a tri-coloured bow on the left breast.

PROGRAMME.

Friday,	December 9th	.....	Bazaar opens at 3 p. m.
Do.	do. 9th	.....	Mrs. JARLEY'S Wax-work begins at 6-30 p.m.
Saturday,	do. 10th	.....	Attendance of Purdah Ladies from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.
Do.	do. 10th	.....	Bazaar opens at 3 p.m.
Do.	do. 10th	.....	Mrs. JARLEY'S Wax-work, at 5-30 p. m.

The Byculla Trams will run until Eleven p.m.

E. PRIDGEON.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling wate or milk. Sold in lib. and pound tins, labels thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

PROPRIETORS,
LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES
DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND.
EXPORT AGENTS.
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES and Co., Coleman-street London.
NEWBERY and SONS, 27, Newgate-street, London.
BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London
SANGER and SON, Oxford-street, London
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY,
SMITH, STANISTREET and Co.; BATHGATE and Co. Calcutta.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.
AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
BARBER Co., De BEAUKE and Co., SCOTT-MANGURIN and Co.
AGENTS FOR RANGOON,
THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th December 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PEMBA," 1,552 tons, on MONDAY, 12th December, (on arrival of Outward, Eastern Mails) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CANARA," 1,903 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 14th December, at 5 p.m. calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on THURSDAY, the 29th December, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th December, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, Dec. 9, 1887. Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
5, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST VINEYARD PROPRIETORS AND BEST SCOTCH AND IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly *THREE-QUARTERS OF A CENTURY* been represented by us. We quote MESS and CLUB rates *FIVE PER CENT.* LOWER than those of other firms, so obviating the necessity of DIRECT IMPORTATION. Our experience and ENORMOUS PURCHASES enable us to offer special advantages.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Rampart Row, Bombay.

NEW ILLUMINATED ALBUMS, 1887.
THE "ALBUM OF GEMS."

FOR SALE—

	Per case of 1 doz. Qts. Rs.	Per case of 2 doz. Pts. Rs.
SPARKLING HOCK	33	36
STILL HOCKS.—		
1 Laubenheimer	14	17
2 Deidesheimer	16	19
3 Geisenheimer	17	20
4 Rudesheimer	25	28
Moselblumchen	16	..
Graecker (Mosel)	13	..
CLARETS.—		
1 St. Julien	10	...
2 Pauillac Medoc	10	...
3 St. Julien Medoc	12	...
4 St. Carnatoly	...	13
5 St. Estephe	14	...
6 St. Emilion	15	...
7 St. Estephe (Old)	18	...
BEER.—		
Pilsener, per case of 4 doz. Quarts, Rs. 22		
" " " 8 doz. Pints " 31		

TERMS—NETT CASH.

Apply to

BREUL & Co.,
Bombay, 28, Meadow Street.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the godowns of the undersigned.

CHAMPAGNE.	Per 1 dos. quarts.	Per 2 dos. pints.
Eugene Cliquot Extra	Rs. 56 0	...
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	" 53 0	..
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	" 52 0	Rs. 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	" 60 0	" 63 0
STILL HOCKS.		
From J. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE. SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES		
Laubenheimer	"	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	" R. 16 0	" 19 0
Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" ...
Niersteiner	" 19 0	" ...
Lotbrauenmilion	" 21 0	" 24 0
Steinwein	" ...	" ...
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 0	" 28 0
Rudesheimer	" ...	" 28 0
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Johanisberger	" 35 0	" ..
FRENCH WHITE WINES. From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.		
Sauterne	Rs. 20 0	...
PORT WINES. From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.		
Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0	...
Fine "	" 22 0	..
Very Superior "	" 26 0	..
Most Superior Old Red Port	" 42 0	..
CLARETS. From Messrs. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.		
Chateau de Franda	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	..
Les Canons	" 16 0	18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	..
Chateau Looville	" 19 0	..
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	..
Chateau Lafitte	" 23 0	..
Chateau Mauvesin	" 27 0	..
From MUNZER & FILS.		
Haut Canon	Rs. 15 0	..
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	..
Chateau Larose	" 28 0	..
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.		
Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Cru de Barreyre	" 16 0	...
From J. ROMMER & SOHN, WIEN.		
Hungarian Claret	Rs. 12 0	..
Chateau Roomer	" 16 0	..
From FRANZ SCARVASY.		
Carlowitz	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0
From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.		
St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0
BRANDY.		
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 21 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules	" 30 0	
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 35 0	
Charles Lorvoire very old Brandy***	" 37 0	
BURGUNDY. From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Volnay	Rs. 21 0	
WHISKY.		
Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 21 8	
" *	" 22 8	
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	" 19 0	
BEER.	Per doz. qts.	Per doz. pts
Bavarian Expert Beer	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	" 5 4	" 3 4
Grimm's "	" 5 0	..
ITALIAN WINES.		
Vino Grignolino	" 15 0	..
Kina Rossa	" 14 0	..
SUNDRIES.		
French Vermouth	Rs. 15 0	...
Italian do.	" 18 0	..
Finest Kummel	" 30 0	..
Chartreuse, Yellow	" 63 0	..
Swiss Cheese in tins from 10s. to 3½	Rs. 0 11	per lb.
PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.		Rs.
Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality	½ lb. tin at	0 9
"	1 do.	1 0
"	2 do.	1 12

From BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin Rs.	Per Small Tin. Rs.
Asparagus	2 8	1 8
Celery	...	0 10
French Beans	...	0 10
Young Peas	...	0 12
Young Carrots	...	0 10
Spinage in Water	...	0 10
Mushrooms	...	0 14
White Cabbage	...	0 12
Small Sausages	...	1 6
Smoked Sausages	...	1 6
Liver Sausages	...	1 4

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a reference or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart R.

Bombay, Dec. 2, 1887.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will most our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse Clothing Forcing under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

APOLLO BUNDER HOTEL, BOMBAY.

SITUATED close to the Bunders and Sassoon Dock, where all Mail Passengers and Troops embark and disembark, thus avoiding the weary drive across the City, so trying to invalids after the sea voyage. It is within five minutes' drive of the Railway Terminis at Victoria and Colaba, and within five minutes' walk of the chief business houses in the Fort. It commands the finest Sea Views and Landscapes of any Hotel in Bombay, and is open on all sides to the Sea Breeze.

It is furnished throughout in first-class style

WITH SEPARATE SUITES OF ROOMS FOR FAMILIES OR BACHELORS.

The Cuisine is under the supervision of an English *Chef* and is specially suited for Europeans.

CHARGES MODERATE.

For terms, &c., apply to the MANAGER,
APOLLO BUNDER HOTEL, BOMBAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IRISH WHISKY.

THOSE who prefer an IRISH WHISKY will find our brand extremely good, our present holdings are finer and more mellow than usual, no Irish Whisky imported into India can be compared with it.

Cash Price, Rs. 24 per dozen.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.

Per doz. Rs. 25 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ST. JULIEN MEDOC.

THIS popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."

Price per doz Quarts, Rs. 10-12; Pints, Rs. 6

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER

FOSTER'S VERY PRIME QUALITY.

RECENT Shipments of this DELICIOUS BEVERAGE are further enhancing the character and high reputation obtained by former parcels.

Quarts, per doz. Rs. 7 8
Pints " " 5 0

SOLE AGENTS:

TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.

Arrived by the *s.s. Mirzapore.*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF THE LATEST DESIGNS IN
CHRISTMAS GREETINGS
of the Present Season in England.

HAND-PAINTED CHRISTMAS STUDIES ON PORCELAIN.

PAINTINGS ON SATIN, PERFUMED.

COLOURED STUDIES ON VELVET.

ORNAMENTAL AUTOGRAPH CARDS.

ART GEM FRINGE CARDS.

Every Variety of Newest Designs in Christmas and New Year Cards at Price

Varying from Rs. 3 to Annas 2.

Also, a Large Assortment of
CHILDREN'S CHRISTMAS STORY BOOKS.
ILLUSTRATED IN COLOURS.

'BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
16, Esplanade, Fort, Bombay.

OUR LADIES' POPULAR GOLD WATCH.

A VERY pretty little Watch, well finished, Jewelled movements, accurate and reliable.

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Gold Crystal-faced Keyless ..... Rs. 50
Gold Hunting Keyless ..... " 65
Gold Half-hunting Keyless ..... " 70

All uniformly priced. May be had in PLAIN, ENGINE-TURNED or ENGRAVED CASE.

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,
Opposite Clock Tower, BOMBAY. | Opposite Napier Hotel, POONA.

GERMAN LLOYD

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

HUMMUM STREET.

DAVEY, PAXMAN & Co. STEAM ENGINES as supplied to Windsor Castle for H. M. the Queen, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Home and Colonial Governments, the Austrian, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Swedish and other Governments. The Fisheries, Healtheries, Inventories, Collieries, Post Offices, Lloyds, Board of Works, &c.

HIGHEST AWARDS—STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

HUMMUM STREET.

SHIPMAN KEROSINE ENGINE Co., Boston. No fuel but kerosine oil. No Engineer. THE BEST ENGINE FOR INDIA. Stocks on hand. Can be seen at

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE!

MAUDSLAY HALL'S Portable, 12 H. P. Second-hand, in Perfect Condition

ROBEY'S 12 H. P. Semi-portable, new.

F. FISCHER & Co.

HUMMUM STREET.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.

(GRAMME, BRUSH, EDISON DYNAMOS, AND OTHER DYNAMOS FOR ARC AND INCANDESCENT LAMPS)

THE above comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE
(FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephones, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations. As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

HUMMUM STREET.

GAS MACHINES.

For 150 to 250 lights.

Unprecedentedly Cheap. An opportunity for Rajahs Municipalities, &c.

F. FISCHER & Co.

HUMMUM STREET.

CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT — PORCELAINES DE SARREGUEMINES.

WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware, Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

F. FISCHER & CO.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

PILSENER BEER—UNSURPASSED QUALITY.

Special prices to introduce it largely.

QUARTS, case of 4 dozens ..... Rs. 4-8 per doz.
PINTS do, 8 do. ..... " 2-12 "

F. FISCHER & CO.

HUMMUM STREET.

PRINTING INK.

THE Best and Cheapest in the Market, suitable for fine and rough work. Barrels of 50 lbs. Rs. 15. Barrels of 100 lbs. Rs. 14.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

TREACHER'S "GLENLIVET" WHISKY

IS a blend of the finest HIGHLAND WHISKIES of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour.

Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S LIGHT PILSENER BEER

BRIGHT AND SPARKLING,

POSSESSES good body and colour, with an excellent flavour; it has not that weak and watery taste which characterizes so many of the so-called Light Beers.

Bottles, Rs. 5-10 per dozen Cash.
Half Bottles, Rs. 3-12 per dozen Cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NAPIER JOHNSTONE.

THE VINTAGE OF 1887.

All Importers, Dealers, and Consumers should read

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

Vintage Report on page 3.

"THE VINTAGE OF 1887."

Copies to be had of our Agents at

ADEN.	BUENOS AYRES.	DARJEELING.	KARACHI.	RANGOON.
BOMBAY.	CALCUTTA.	GOA.	LAHORE.	RIO DE JANEIRO.
BAHIA.	CHRISTCHURCH, N. Z.	HIOGO.	MADRAS.	SHANGHAI.
BORDEAUX.	COLOMBO.	HONGKONG. YNKOHAMA.	QUETTA.	SIMLA.

CHRISTMAS SEASON, 1887.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

GENUINE WINES and SPIRITS may be ordered through every respectable Dealer, Hotel and Restaurant Keeper, &c., throughout India and the Colonies. The name

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

should appear on every Label, Cork, and Capsule.

Many Traders substitute other Brands, costing them less and showing more profit.

WINE PURVEYORS TO H. E. THE VICEROY OF INDIA.

GOLD MEDALLISTS. ESTABLISHED 1815.

FASHIONABLE FELT HATS.

"SUPERIOR QUALITY."
"SNUFF, MAPLE, MANILLA"

FASHIONABLE FELT HATS.

"TO SUIT ALL FACES."
"SEAL, RUSSET, WALNUT."

FASHIONABLE FELT HATS.

Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 10-8.
"IMMENSE CHOICE."

HOAR & CO., { HATTERS, } BOMBAY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,

Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.

One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.

Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.

SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY

REGIMENTAL MESSES AND CLUBS

SUPPLIED WITH THE CHOICEST PROVISIONS, BEERS, WINES, ÆRATED WATERS, &c., &c.,

BY

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, AND TO H. E. THE VICEROY OF INDIA.

OPENING NOTICE.

FEDERICO PELITI, Manufacturing Confectioner, has the pleasure to announce that his new Branch at No. 73, Esplanade, and 1, A, Church Gate Street, will be open on MONDAY, the 12th of December.

This business will be conducted on the same principle as his well known establishments at Calcutta and Simla.

Orders can now be booked for Christmas Cakes, Plum Puddings, Mince Pies, Ices, Dessert, etc.

For the present Communications should be addressed to the Factory in Ash Lane, adjoining Messrs. Marcks and Co.

N.B.—All orders will be personally attended to by Federico Peliti, who was awarded at the Calcutta International Exhibition FOUR GOLD MEDALS, one SILVER and one BRONZE, for Preparations of his Own Manufacturing.

"SQUARE BOTTLE" WHISKY

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

WHEN PURCHASING A WATCH

IT is necessary to remember the following THREE IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.

1.—That you obtain a reliable and serviceable timekeeper.

2.—That you obtain the best value for your money.

3.—That you deal with a house whose name is sufficient guarantee for strictly fair dealings.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

SPECIALLY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING FROM THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF WATCHES THEY KEEP ON HAND.

	Rs.
Their Original and everlasting Campaign Watch Keyless lever	35
Their "Popular" Keyless Watch	14
Their Silver Keyless Lever Watch	50
Their highest "Perfect" Gold Watch	240
Maximum Variation one minute per Month	
Their reliable Chrograph Watch	85
Their Lady's handsome Keyless, 18 ct. Gold Watch with finest works Crystal front...	90
Do. do. Hunting case	120
Do. do. Half-hunting case	125

REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND EXECUTED BY SPECIALISTS.

BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road, Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA, 1, East Street, Opposite the Napier Hotel.

'XMAS 1887.

MORENAS & COMPANY

HAVE the pleasure to announce to the Residents of Bombay and the Mofussil that they have just unpacked

A CHOICE COLLECTION OF FANCY GOODS,

COMPRISING

ALBUMS.—Plain, Floral, Musical, Scrap, Calf Bound, Plush, Leather Mounted, Shield Corners, Full Cabinet, Morocco, Nickle-Mounted.

FOR PRESENTATION TO CHILDREN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.
From As. 2 to Rs. 6 each.
TOM SMITH'S CELEBRATED CRACKERS.
From As. 8 to Rs. 5 each.
MUSICAL DECANTERS AND INK-STANDS.
DELICIOUS PERFUMED WATERS.
LEATHER GOODS.
DOLLS AND MECHANICAL TOYS.
SKIN AND ROCKING HORSES.
SPEAKING ANIMALS.
GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY.
DIAMOND RINGS.
PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

BRANDY.	WHISKEY.	OLD TOM AND GIN.
PORT.	SHERRY.	CLARET.
CHAMPAGNE.	HOCK.	MOSELLES.
BEER.	STOUT.	LIQUEURS.

HAM. BACON. CHEESE.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

APRICOT.	GREENGAGES.	CHERRY.
WHITE PEARS.	PINK PEARS.	PEACHES.

In cases of about eight pounds, or Rs. 1-12 per lb.

FANCY BOXES FILLED WITH CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

CONFECTIONERY:

A Choice Collection and Great Variety.

PRALINES A LA ROSE.	FONDANTS.	NOUGATINES.
PRALINES VANILLE.	CHOCOLATE CREAM.	APRICOTINES.
ARGENTIS.	AMENDES SURFINE.	LEGUMES.

LIQUEUR LOZENGES. DRAGEES PARISIENNES.

ENGLISH CONFECTIONERY.

BOILED CONFECTIONERY. LOZENGES.	DROPS & TABLETS. TOFFEE, BUTTER SCOTCH.	GELATINE GOODS.

TURKISH DELIGHTS. PRUNES.

MORENAS AND COMPANY,
15, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES

45/ Bore Sporting, 2 Shots, best quality		Rs. 140,	plain quality Rs. 100.
500 " Express, 2 Shots,	do.	do.	Rs. 110.
500 " " Single Shot, Winchesters		Rs. 80	

Cartridges per 100 for 450 Rifles ..... Rs. 11 | Reloading Tools, Per Set for 450 Rifles Rs. 17
" " 100 " 500 " ..... " 13 | " " 500 " " 28

Apply to

KING KING & CO., BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

DRESSES.

SATEEN AND ZEPHYR DRESSES. Rs. 25, 30, 35 and upwards.

INDIAN AND LACE MUSLINS. Rs. 40, 50, 60 and upwards.

FLANNEL DRESSING GOWNS. Rs. 25, 28, 30 and upwards.

DRESSES.

CASHMIRE AND NUN'S VEILING. Rs. 40, 45, 50 and upwards.

SILKS AND SATIN DRESSES. Rs. 70, 80, 100 and upwards.

TULLE BALL DRESSES. Rs. 55, 65, 80 and upwards.

LADIES' PARIS HATS AND BONNETS, Rs. 15, 18, 20 AND UPWARDS.
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS, Rs. 10, 12, 15 AND UPWARDS.
SAILOR HATS, Rs. 4, Rs. 6.
INFANTS' HOODS, Rs. 8, 10.

BLACK CREME AND WHITE PIECE LACE AND LACE FLOUNCING,
JET AND PEARL EMBROIDERED TABLIERS AND LACE,
OSTRICH FEATHERS, TIPS AND AIGRETTES,
FRENCH FLOWERS.

MRS. LAKE, MAISON DE MODES
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

1887. 'XMAS 1887.

SPLENDID PRESENTS.

Albums	from Rs. 8	to Rs. 45	Purses	from Rs. 3	to Rs. 8	Barometers ...	from Rs. 15 to Rs. 35
Ladies' Bags ...	" 6	" 20	Card Trays ...	" 1	" 4	Blotting Books	" 3 " 30
Photo. Frames.	" 2	" 25	Writing Tables	" 15	" ...	Card Cases ...	" 3 " 8
Carriage Clocks	" 20	" 75	Fans	" 6	" 25	Writing Desks...	" 20 " 60
Dressing Bags and Cases ...	" 15	" 200	Gloves & Handkerchief Boxes	" 18	" 25	Flower Vases...	" 3 " 35
Scrap Books...	" 5	" 15	Work Boxes ...	" 8	" 20	Ivory Hair Brushes	" 40 " 60
Jewel Boxes ...	" 20	" 50	Toilet Cases ...	" 8	" 35	Toys Mechanical	" 8 " 30
Gladstone Bags	" 20	" 60	Cigrette Cases Silver	" 20	" 30	Musical Boxes.	" 50 " 300
Smelling Salt Bottles	" 6	" 30	Stereo scopes			Sets of Scissors	" 7 " 11
Photo. Screens.	" 9	" 20	with Views...	" 125	...	Perambulators.	" 20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

(OPPOSITE VICTORIA TERMINUS.)
NORVILLE'S OPERA BOUFFE,
BURLESQUE & COMEDY Co.

Proprietress & Directress .....Mrs. Geo. Norville
GRAND OPENING NIGHT.
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 10TH Dec. 1887.
Toole's Great Success : a New and Original
Dramatic COMEDY, in 3 Acts, entitled,
THE BUTLER
BY
Mr. & Mrs. HERMAN MERIVALE.

CHARACTERS.

David Trot—(The Butler).....Mr. D. C. Smith.
Sir John Tracey, Kt.—(Mayor of Buncombe)—Mr. Geo. Anderson.
Lawrence Tracey—(His Son).....Mr. G. Vane.
Lord Babicombe, of Babicombe ...Mr. H. Nicholson.
Frank St. John—(His Nephew)....Mr. J. Devon.
Lady Tracey—(Sir John's Wife) ...Mrs. Geo. Norville.
Alice.. Marshall—(Lady Tracey's Companion)..Miss May Anderson.
Lady Anne Babicombe,—(Lord Babicombe's Daughter)...Miss Minnie Hinson.
Lavinia Muddle—(The Cook) .....Miss Emma Markham
SCENE.—Hall in Sir John Tracey's House, at Buncombe-on-the-Wash.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Box to hold 4 .....Rs. 12 | Dress Circle .....Rs. 3
Orchestra Stalls.....Rs. 4 | Pit Stalls.....Rs. 2
Dress Circle, Front Row..Rs. 4 | Upper Circle.....Re. 1
Back Seats.....Annas 8.

Box Plan now open at Messrs. Soundy & Co., Ld.
Doors open at 8-30 p. m. Overture at 9 p. m.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

s. s. KIRBY HALL on or about.....10th Jany. 1888.
s. s. EDEN HALL ,, ,, ...7th Mar. ,,
s. s. MERTON HALL ,, ,, ...30th ,, ,,
s. s. KIRBY HALL ,, ,, ...17th Apl. ,,

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.
s. s. ASTON HALL on or about.....20th Jany. 1888.
s. s. WORSLEY HALL ,, ,, ...10th Feby. ,,
These steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
For further particulars please apply to
EDWARD BATES & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, Dec. 8, 1887.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

A LECTURE will be delivered in the above Institute at 5-30 p.m., on MONDAY, the 19th inst., by the Hon. Secretary, Subject—" Some Characteristics of the Natives of India "—Members and their Families as also the General Public are invited to attend.

A NINE DAYS' MISSION,

WILL BE PREACHED BY THE
REV. FATHER BLACK,
AT
S. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

SUNDAYS.

Holy Communion and Mission Sermon ..... 7-30 a. m.
Evensong, Mission Sermon and Instruction ..... 6 p. m.

WEEKDAYS.

Mission Address ..... 7 a. m.
Mission Sermon and Instruction ..... 8-30 p. m.

SUBJECTS OF THE EVENING SERMONS.

Saturday, December 10, THE KINDNESS OF GOD.
Sunday, ,, 11, THE SOUL AWAKENED.
Monday, ,, 12, THE PENITENT.
Tuesday, ,, 13, THE DEAD SOUL.
Wednesday, ,, 14, DEATH.
Thursday, ,, 15, JUDGMENT.
Friday, ,, 16, THE ACKNOWLEDGMENT.
Saturday, ,, 17, THE REFUSAL.
Sunday, ,, 18, CONFESSION.
Monday ,, 19, PERSEVERANCE.

The Missioner will be glad to see persons who wish for further instruction or advice, if they will make an appointment with him by letter, or he may be spoken with after any of the services, or between the hours of 12 noon and 1 p. m. or 4 and 6 p. m. in the Church daily throughout.

HOW TO MAKE THE MOST OF THE MISSION.

Come regularly to one or both sets of Services.
Induce others to do the same and pray for them.
Pray every night that what you hear may be blessed to your Soul.
If in darkness or difficulty, after prayer, ask advice.
Do not despair of getting good, even if it comes slowly.
The last large tram leaves Mazagon (Wari Bunder) at 10-10 p. m. Trams from Byculla up to p. m.

R. L. PAGE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

WITH reference to the Notification No. 3,636, General Department, by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council, which appeared in Part I. of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 8th Instant, and under Rule I. of the Rules therein referred to it is hereby notified that the CRAWFORD MARKET in PIKE'S on the POLLING PLACE for the RATE PAYERS' ELECTION to be held on SATURDAY, the 17th instant.

F. L. CHARLES,
Acting Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commr's Office, Bombay 9th Dec, 1887.

NOTICE.

AN AUCTION SALE...will be held at the 16th instant, of UNCLAIMED and CONFISCATED GOODS, consisting of Wearing Apparel, Cigarette Papers, Gorgecnes, Bars and Bundles Iron, Hardware, Casks Cement, Deck Chairs, Bags Rice, Empty Casks, Packages Glass Beads, Paints, Jewellery, Rolls Tape, Grimault's French Remedies, Goudron, Phosphate of Iron, Cigarettes Stramonium, Solution de Dusart, Peptone Wine, Kananga du Japon, Essence of Sanital, Castor and Coolivar Oil Capsules, Cases Window Glass, Glassware, Spelter, Packages China Sugar, Cases and Casks Wines and Spirits, Orange Brandy, Curacoa, Noyaux, Liqueurs des Moins, Aniseed, Sample Patterns, and Miscellaneous Goods.

The sale will commence at 1 p.m. A deposit of 25 per cent. to be paid when the Lots are knocked down, and the Goods to be cleared within one week from the day of sale ; failing which the Deposit will be forfeited. Further conditions will be made known at the time of sale.

W. W. DREW.
Collector of Land Revenue, Customs, and Opium.
Bombay, Custom House, 9th December, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS of MUCCADUMS carried on by JESOONDERDAS JADOWJEE, YUSSONJEE NUNDEE LILLADHUR SHAMJEE and DWARKADASS SHAMJEE, in the name of JADOWJEE RAGHOWJEE, at the Jadhowjee Raghowjee Cotton Jaithas, at the Apollo Reclamation, at Colaba, belonging to the Port Trustees, was by mutual consent of the Partners, DISSOLVED as from the 24th day of October last, and that the Undersigned will in future carry on Muccadum's business either in his own name or in the name of his father JADOWJEE RAGHOWJEE.

શુંદરદાસ નાદવજી રાઘવજી.

(i.e.) SOONDERDAS JADOWJEE RAGHOWJEE,
Bombay, 9th day of December, 1887.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 p.m., on Monday, the 19th day of December, 1887, for laying about 13,000 feet of 27 inches CAST IRON PIPES in Arthur Road, and other places, and for work in connection therewith.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., and all information can be obtained on application to the Undersigned.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 3,000 to be paid to the Controller of Municipal Accounts in cash, and to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
RIENZI WALTON,
Executive Engineer.
Bombay, Executive Engineer's Office, 9th December, 1887.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen-Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

PETITION for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed of the property and credits of PEERBHOY KHALAKDINA, late of Bombay Khoja inhabitant, deceased, left unadministered by his late Executor JAIRAJBHOY PEERBHOY, since deceased.

NOOR MAHOMEDBHOY JAIRAJBHOY, the Grandson of the said Deceased .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any Interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration with the Will annexed.

Witness, Lyttelton Holroake Bayley, Esq., Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 6th day of December, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Seven, and in the Fifty-first year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

L. N. BANAJEE,
The 7th day of December 1887.
Messrs. HORE, CONROY & BROWN.
Petitioners' Attorneys.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAYS COMPANY, Limited.

STATIONERY.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of STATIONERY for Six Months, say, January to June 1888.

Forms of Tenders, Schedule A. and B., can be had on application to this Office, where samples of Sheduie A. also can be seen. Each Schedule can be tendered for separately.

Tenders to be submitted on the prescribed Forms and superscribed "Tenders for Stationery" by 1-0 p.m. gunfire on the 13th December 1887.

Delivery to be given free on trucks at Wari Bunder, Bombay.

The successful Tenderer will be required to deposit 5 per cent. on the total estimated amount of the Contract as security for the due fulfilment of the same.

The Agent and Chief Engineer of the Railway does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender..

H. C. BURDER,
Bombay Agent,
H. H. The Nizam's Guaranteed State Rys. Co., Ld.
Treacher's Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 10th December, 1887.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

JUBILEE

COOKERY BOOK.

CONTAINS RECIPES for making favorite INDIAN DISHES, the directions being worded plainly and simply so that the most novice in the art of Cookery may prepare the Dishes. Amongst many others will be found receipts for making Christmas Sweets, such as Culcals, Coloured Almond Sweets, Christmas Sweets, called Mossapow, delicious Christmas Cake, called Bonne de Portugal Christmas HoneyComb Cake, Christmas Puddings and Plum Cakes, Mango Preserve, Guava Jelly and Cheese, Halwas, Tamarind Fish, Balchow, Mango Chutney, Curries—Apply to

Mrs. FRED BREWIN,
Mazagon, Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMING BY THE SPECIALLY CHARTERED B. I. S.S. "CANARA," WHICH LEFT COLOMBO ON DECEMBER 7.

CHIARINI'S GRAND CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

RETURN AFTER SEVEN YEARS' ABSENCE TO BOMBAY.

WILL EXHIBIT ON THE
ESPLANADE,
JUNCTION OF HORNBY AND CRUICKSHANK ROADS,
Entrance on Cruickshank Road.

COMMENCING ON OR ABOUT WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.

UNDER BRAND NEW MAMMOTH PAVILIONS, made in New York City, of enormous size, to canopy the manifold attractions of this the most gigantic and most tremendous Show ever brought to Asia ; requiring an area of 60,000 SQUARE FEET OF GROUND ON WHICH TO EXHIBIT.

PERFECT AND BRILLIANT ILLUMINATION.

Performances will be given EVERY EVENING. Doors open at 8, commencing at 9.
Afternoon Performances on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Doors open at 2-30 p.m., commencing at 3-30 p.m.
☞ This is the LARGEST and best SHOW ever brought to India.

THE ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS

Has an established reputation of being one of the very best that travels, and will present many

NOVEL, PLEASING AND SENSATIONAL ACTS, AND SIGNOR CHIARINI'S GRANDLY TRAINED HORSES OF ROYAL WORTH,

And also includes this time a Troupe of JAPANESE FROM THE MIKADO'S OWN ROYAL THEATRE.

THE MENAGERIE

CONTAINS A COSTLY COLLECTION OF

Noble Specimens of the Animal Kingdom. Ponderous Den of Royal African Lions, exhibited by the Lion King, who enters the Den. Ponderous Den of Royal Bengal Tigers, exhibited by the noted Tiger Hunter from India, Mr. James Frame, who enters the Den. Living Emus, Birds of colossal size from Australia. Living Educated Performing Ceylon Elephants. Zebus, or the Sacred Cattle from India. School of Educated Dogs. Jockey-Riding Monkeys. Living man-eating Crocodiles from the River Nile, Egypt.

MIGHTY YEZO BEARS.

Recently of the Zoological Gardens of Tokio, the Capital of the Empire, which were presented to Signor Chiarini by His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Japan. One of the Bears is the largest ever in captivity. 2,000 And weighs over 2,000 lbs. (English weight,) 2,000.

CHIARINI'S CELEBRATED CIRCUS BAND will give a Grand Free Out-door Concert for one hour at the Band-Stand in front of the Entrance to the vast Pavilions, before each performance commences.

Prices of Admission will be duly announced.

FRANK G. WILSON, Advance Agent,

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, from 1st January, a desirable BUNGALOW, on the Ridge, Malabar Hill, lately vacated by J. Donald Esq. Rent Moderate. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJI,
2, Hornby Row. House agent.

TO LET, with immediate possession, the most desirable BUNGALOW, at Breach Candy, lately vacated by G. Cotton, Esq. For rent and other particulars apply to.

P. BYRAMJI,
2, Hornby Row. House agent.

BANKS,

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS,
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL....£3,300,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE-STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£200,000.

INTEREST ALLOWED,
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.
For shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Acting Agent.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9. HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, a GINNING FACTORY containing 22 Platt's Gins, with DONKEY ENGINE and a HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE of 24 H. P. and an excellent Boiler with Double Flues of 80 lbs. pressure a large Lathe and a Cast-iron Weighing Machine, &c., &c., complete and in working order, in Puplee, in Kattywar, near Dholera. For further particulars apply to C. D. CAMBATTA, care of this paper.

DATES.
Specially Grown and Preserved
At Bussora.
Boxes holding nearly 3 lbs. each.
Re. 1 0.
PHILLIPS AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SUPPLIES FROM ENGLAND.
The descriptions of Goods are supplied at Co-operative Store prices for Cash by
HENRY S. KING & CO.,
65, CORNHILL, LONDON,
whose new illustrated
CASH PRICE LIST
will be sent post free on application or may be obtained from KING, KING & Co., Bombay, or KING, HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.
For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUTHORISED
BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stand, &c.
Complete and easy referen
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press ;

THE WATERBURY

JUBILEE WORD COMPETITION.

1st Prize ... ... Rs. 500
2nd ,, ... ,, 200
3rd ,, ... ,, 100
20 Prizes ... ... ,, 10 each

Coupon entitling holder to compete for the above prizes, given with each watch sold before December 31st, 1887.

Prizes awarded and list published February 1st, 1888.

Full particulars will be supplied by
THE AGENT to the Company,
BOMBAY.

THE BATTLE OF THE WATCHES.

Watch buyers find it hard to discover which is the best of the many cheap watches offered for sale ; each retailer declaring the watch he offers to be better than every other.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO.,

Confident in the superiority of the Waterbury, and knowing it to be

THE CHEAPEST TIME-KEEPING WATCH IN THE WORLD,

Hereby issue to all dealers in cheap watches in India a

CHALLENGE

To run 1,000 to 10,000 WATERBURYS against a like number of any other make of Watches sold in India for Rs. 10 or less.

The loser or losers in the competition to forfeit the sum of Rs. 1,000 to an Indian harity, to be mutually agreed upon.

SUGGESTED CONDITIONS OF THE COMPETITION.

1. The watches tested to be identically the same as advertised and to be sold for the sum stated.
2. An umpire to be appointed whose decision shall be final. Umpire to be [illegible] Public or Public Accountant.
3. The watches to be exhibited publicly in one of the three presidential towns and to be kept running six days or longer.
4. The watches to be set to time at beginning of competition, and wound once every day in the presence of the umpire, who shall daily remove from competition all watches which have stopped or varied more than five minutes from gun-fire time.
5. The make of watch having the greatest number of survivors at the end of the contest to be declared the winner.

Any other fair condition which may be suggested will be accepted by the Company.

THE WATERBURY

Rs. 8-8. Rs 8-8.

Is accurate,
Will regulate to a minute a month,
Is durable, Is reliable,
Is made entirely by machinery,
Is therefore uniform in quality,
And is easily and cheaply repaired.

Guaranteed for one year.

Repaired at any time for one rupee or less.

THE WATERBURY

Will last a lifetime, as all damaged parts are replaced when watches are repaired.

CHAINS FOR THE WATERBURY,

IN ALL PATTERNS.

Equal to Silver, Rs. 1-4 and Rs. 2.
Equal to Gold, will stand acid, Rs. 3.

THE WATERBURY

Rs. 8-8 Rs. 8-8

May be obtained of dealers throughout the country, of

Messrs. SOUNDY & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.
Or from the Sole Agent for India,

WATERBURY WATCH CO.,
BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY WANTED.—Salary Rs 500 per measem, rising by annual increments (for fully approved service) of Rs. 50 per measem to a maximum of Rs. 800 per measem. Applications, with COPY of testimonials, to be sent to

G. MANSON, Secretary.
7th December 1887.

RE BARTON AND CO., Ld., IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that any Person or Persons having any CLAIM against BARTON & Co., Ld., are required to send in their Claims within one month from this date, after which no Claims can be recognised.

G. W. BAKE, Liquidator,
Barton & Co., Ld.
28th Apollo Street, Bombay, 5th Dec. 1887.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are INVITED for the execution of certain Works at MIDDLE GROUND BATTERY.

2. All information can be obtained at the office of the Undersigned.

3. Sealed Tenders which must be accompanied by a sum of Rupees Two Hundred, as earnest money, will be received on MONDAY, the 12th instant, up to 2 p.m.

4. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Capt., R. E.,
Ex. Engineer, S. Defences.
Defences Yard, Mazagon, 3rd December, 1887.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COCOANUT AND CASTOR OILS.

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of COCOANUT and CASTOR OILS, required by the Company for Twelve months, commencing the first day of February, 1888.

Tenders, which must be on the Company's Forms, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, will be received by the Acting Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p. m., Gunfire, on WEDNESDAY, December 14th, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Forms of Tender can be obtained and Samples seen upon application to the Undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 26th November, 1887.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of COCOANUT and KEROSINE OILS, for Twelve Months, say, January to December 1888.

The Quantities required per Month are—
Cocoanut Oil, about 40 cwts.
Kerosine Oil, about 50 cases or 400 gallons.

To be delivered free on Railway wagons, Waree Bunder, Bombay. Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Oil" will be received by the Bombay Agent at his Office, Treacher's Buildings, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on 15th December 1887.

The Successful Tenderer will have to deposit Security of Rs. 500 for the due fulfilment of his Contract.

The Conditions of the Contract can be obtained at the Bombay Agent's office.

The Agent and Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

H. C. BURDER,
Bombay Agent, H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Rys. Co., Ld.
Treacher's Buildings, Fort, Bombay 7th December, 1887.

NOTICE.

THE attention of Chemists and Managers of Dispensaries in Bombay is DRAWN to RULES 4, 6 and 37 of the Rules under the Opium Act, 1878, published at page 704 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, of 4th June, 1885, Part I.

The word "Opium" as used in these rules includes also Preparations or Admixtures of Opium and Intoxicating Drugs prepared from the Poppy.

It is illegal to possess more than ten tolas of any description of Opium without a License from the Collector. It is also illegal to retail Opium (which includes selling it in medical preparations) without a License.

Persons who ought to have taken out Licenses but have omitted to do so are hereby warned that after the 2nd of January next the Opium Act and the Rules under it will be strictly enforced against them.

J. Mc. L. CAMPBELL,
Collector of Land Revenue,
Customs and Opium, Bombay.
Customs House, Bombay, 7th December, 1887.

F. MURAGLIA & Co.

MERCHANTS, COMMISSION AGENTS AND CONTRACTORS.

Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

IMPORTERS of Marble in blocks and slabs and every kind of marble work. Tiles of all description for entrance halls and verandahs, ornamental and glazed tiles for furniture, walls, baths and other materials for decoration.

Execute any work in sculpturing and decorating Branches.

GENUINE JOB CIGARETTE PAPER of JEAN BARDOU. To check the increasing sale of fraudulent imitations of JOB'S Cigarette Paper so highly appreciated by smokers, and to enable retail dealers to purchase the genuine article at wholesale prices, I have instituted a Depot of my Cigarette Papers at Messrs. S. NARAEN & Co., at Bombay.

JEAN BARDOU,
Original Manufacturer of JOB.
Sole Agent for India—L. H. RICHY, 66, Rue Lafayette, PARIS.

BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 18—VETERINERY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moore's Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Cotton Wool, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

BERIGNY & Co.

LIST of ESTATES to which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been GRANTED to the Administrator-General and of Estates which have come under his charge

ANNETTA GOLD-STEIN, late of Grant Road, Bombay.
GEORGE AUGUSTUS SHANNON, late a Carriage Examiner at Sukkur.
JOAO MATIAS DE SOUZA, late of Goa, Portuguese Inhabitant.
REGINALD LLEWELLYN BENNISON CARTER, late Lieutenant in H. M.'s 28th Regiment Bombay Infantry.
VENAYEK JUGGONATH, late a Bookkeeper in the Audit Department of the G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.
Mrs. J. C. MITCHELL, late widow of Mr. John Clark Mitchell, of Messrs. J. Fleming and Co., Bombay.
Mrs. SARAH ANN GABB, late of Lanoli, European Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed Estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned at his Office, within one month from the date of the advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the Estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT-CARNAC,
Administrator-General.
Admr-Genl.'s Office, High Court, Bombay 24th Nov., 1887.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(*a*) the protection of Rukhmabai against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisoned in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her by her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which those "rights" as a matter of fact have never yet been exercised.

And (*b*) The removal of the anomaly involved in punishing disobedience to a decree based on Hindoo Matrimonial law by the penalty of imprisonment,—it being a penalty which is entirely unknown to that law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN FLEMING,
M. M. BHOWNAGGREE,
Hon. Secretaries.
3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES and BAGGAGE shipped and INSURANCE effected when requested.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of active Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising if their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. on twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Gazette* Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

ARTISTIC CURIOSITIES AND NOVELTIES.

JUST UNPACKED

AN extensive and unrivalled collection of the JAPANESE, CHINESE ARTISTIC CURIOSITIES, suitable for Christmas, Weddings, Birthday Presents and for general Gifts, House uses, &c.

JINRIKSA, (Chinese Conveyances), single and double, of a very light and durable nature.

All the things are priced exceedingly cheap.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,
CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
T. R. HS. THE DUKE & DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT
AND
H. H. THE NIZAM OF HYDERABAD.

P. VUCCINO & CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE

OPEN DAILY FROM 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Portraits of all sizes and descriptions executed in Oils and Water Colours by Competent Artists.

58, Meadows Street, BOMBAY.
Regent House, SIMLA.

HATS DEPARTMENT.

WE have just received our new and fashionable selection of Felt and Dress Hats, Sun Helmets and Tweed Caps in all the latest shades and patterns, manufactured for us by the well-known firms of Lincoln Bennett and Co. and Townend and Co. We give special attention to this important department, and our productions are well known for their superior style, finish, and quality.

Black Flexible Round Crown Felt Hats	Rs.	9 8
Do. Do. Square do. do.	,,	9 8
Dark Brown Round do. do.	,,	9 8
"Dun," the present style do. do.	,,	9 8
Terra Cotta, the now colour do. do.	,,	9 8
Ladies' Felt Riding Hats, very richly lined and padded	,,	9 0
Black Paris Silk Dress Hats	,,	16 8
Drab Shell do.	,,	12 8
Tweed Deer Stalkers, New Checks and Plain Colours	,,	4 8
Do. Cricket Shape in Cheviots and Home Spuns, &c.	,,	3 8
Do. Golf do. capital for Tennis	,,	4 8
The Borrobel, Tweed Deer Stalker, well ventilated and with small flaps at sides to protect the temples from	,,	5 0

Black Silk Velvet and Embroidered Smoking Caps, a large assortment.
Ellwood's and Christy's San Hats, Helmets and Terais.
Hawke's New Regulation Doe Helmets.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,

HATTERS, HOSIERS AND OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, &c,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PRESENTATION GOLD WATCHES.

GOLD hunting keyless, ¾ plate clock watch, with minute repeater and chronograph, case richly enamelled, dark blue, and set with beautiful white diamonds ..... Rs. 3,700, 4,000, £6,000

Gold hunting keyless half chronometer minute repeater, with chronograph and minute recorder, gold ornamented blue dial, with white figures, interchangeable white dial and black figures, heavy gold cases, richly encrusted with faultless diamonds, on red or blue enamel, surrounded by a row of very fine white pearls, both back and front, a magnificent six pointed diamond star in the centre of the cover, and a beautifully hand-painted sporting medallion on the obverse ... Rs. 4,000

In addition to the above, a variety of very grand gold watches for presentation, the massive gold cases artistically enamelled or set with gems, and combining in various ways every refinement of complicated mechanism, clock minute, repeater, calendar, chronograph, 8 day movement, &c. &c.

ENAMELLED MINIATURE MEDALLION PORTRAITS,

To be inserted in the domes of the above watches, exquisitely painted by our special artist from a good photograph with a careful memorandum of the coloring, cost from Rs. 150 to Rs. 350 extra.

OUR JUBILEE WATCH.

The portrait of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, protected in this way, forms an appropriate and interesting heirloom in commemoration of the Jubilee of her reign. It is a little gem of art as well as a faithful and pleasing likeness, and we can fix it into the dome of any of the above watches, or any other of sufficient size.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,

DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS,
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,
IMPORTERS OF PIANOS, BICYCLES, &c.,
OPPOSITE THE CLOCK TOWER.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4 ; and the only trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wrackage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE,

Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires str

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

National Spinning and Weaving Company, 3 p.m.
Colaba Press Company, 3-30 p.m.
Fancy Bazar, Town Hall, 3 to 8 p.m.
Unveiling the Bust of Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, C.I.E., Framjee Cowasjee Institute, 5-15 p.m.
Band, G. I. P. R. Vols., Victoria Gardens, 5-15 p.m.
Drums and Fifes, 2nd Battn. E.Y. Regt., Esplanade Bandstand, 5-30 p.m.
Divine Services, St. Peter's Church, 8-30 p.m.
Novelty Theatre Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Company, 9 p.m.,

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Inchulva and Peveril entered and the s.s. Dago left the dock yesterday.

M. N. PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients last month was 5,070, of whom 240 were new admissions; the average daily attendance being 169.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods-traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 19th November, 1887, was 453,657 maunds, and in money Rs. 73,388.

LECTURE.—Mr. V. A. Modak will deliver an address in Marathi at the local Prarthhana Samaj, Girgaum, at 5-30 p.m., on Sunday, on "Religious Reformation and National Regeneration, their Characteristics and Mutual Relation."

LOSS OF A VALUABLE EARRING.—Ruttonjee Rustomjee, living at Lohar Street, reported to the police, having dropped from his pocket a pair of gold earrings, set with diamonds, valued at Rs. 550, somewhere about Lohar Street, on Thursday last.

MISSION AT MAZAGON BY THE REV. FATHER BLACK.—It will be seen from our advertisement column that the Rev. Father Black, who has been preaching to the Artillery at Kirkee, commences a nine-days' Mission at St. Peter's Church, Mazagon, this evening, at half-past eight. The list of sermons and services is published. On each Sunday in the Mission he preaches twice, and every week day and night at 8-30. The sermons form a course and are followed by an instruction.

A VAGRANT.—John W. Murray, a European, described as a ship's cook, was yesterday charged by Constable Wilson, before Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee, with being a vagrant. The accused stated that he had been without employment for some weeks past. He was discharged from a ship at Calcutta, and came down to Bombay in search of one. He had no means of subsistence, in fact, offered himself to go to the Workhouse. He was thereupon declared a vagrant and was ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the G. I. P. R. Vols. at the Victoria Gardens this evening at 5-15:—

March	Brighter Days R. Smith.
Overture	Giovanna D'arco Verdi.
Waltz	Ehren on the Rhine Hutchison.
Selection	The Pirates of Penzance A. Sullivan.
Dance	Hungarian
Galop	Hunters Bucalossi.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DRUMS AND FIVES AT THE ESPLANADE.—The following programme of music will be played by the Drums and Fifes, 2nd Battn. East Yorkshire Regiment, at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30 p.m.:—

March	Mary May
Schottische	Victorious
Polka	Kissi Kissi
Waltz	Dry Decsa
Bugle March	
Hornpipe	

A JUVENILE THIEF.—Gunpat Gungia, a Hindoo lad, aged 14 years, was yesterday charged before Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee with stealing sundry articles consisting of a small brass drinking vessel, a bell, knife, doll and a lock, of the collective value of 8 annas, the property of Mooktee, woman, from her in Cammateepoora, on Wednesday last. The stolen articles were left by complainant on a window shelf facing the roadside. At 2 p.m., on Wednesday, she missed the articles, and subsequently found the accused in charge of the police with the stolen articles in his hand. The boy, in defence, stated that he found the articles lying in the lane and took them away. As he could produce no witnesses to substantiate his statement, he was sentenced to be flogged ten stripes with a rattan.

AN IMPUDENT LOAFER.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Inspector Hack charged John Seddon, an Eurasian, before Mr. Ryan, with being drunk and disorderly in the Fort, on Thursday. Seddon, it appeared, on Thursday evening walked into the Vienna Ice Cream Shop, in Church-gate-street, and ordered four pegs of whisky and soda in succession. He had no money whatever with him and by the time he had disposed of the fourth peg he was somewhat under its influence. When a waiter asked for payment Seddon began to find fault with the establishment and the attendance, and pretended to be angry, following up this bit of play with assaulting the inoffensive waiter. Inspector Hack was called to the scene, when he found that Seddon had no money with him and was but a loafer. He removed him to the police station where Seddon assaulted a sepoy and later on snatched a stick out of the hand of a policeman whom he struck with it. Mr. Ryan inflicted a fine of Rs. 5 on the accused, with an alternative of seven days' hard labour.

ALLEGED POLICE TORTURE.—Some Ramoseos, submitted a petition to the Bombay Government, shortly to the effect that they had been maltreated by the police of the Sukhaghad taluka, in H. H. the Pant Suchev of Bhor's territory, in connexion with a dacoity which had been committed in that taluka. The Government appointed Mr. Younghusband, First Class Magistrate, to enquire into the allegations of the petitioners and to draw up the preliminary proceedings of the case. After making due enquiries, Mr. Younghusband has committed the case to Mr. Keyser, the Political Agent, of the Bhor territory.—*Deccan Herald.*

AN EXEMPLARY SENTENCE.—The case against Sakharam Raojee, who was committed by Colonel Bolton, Cantonment Magistrate, charged with being in possession of a blanket which had been stolen from the tent of Private Burringham, of the Durham L. I., on the 11th of October last, came on for hearing at Poona, on Thursday. The Public Prosecutor opened the case for the prosecution and examined Mr. W. Collett, Inspector of Police. He stated that two of his detectives had brought the accused to him, on the suspicion of his having stolen a number of blankets, that, on receipt of certain information from the accused, he proceeded to the bungalow of General Knowles, when that officer's servant produced two blankets and said he had purchased them from the accused for three rupees. Accused was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—*Ibid.*

IMPUDENT IMPOSITION AT POONA.—Thurmabai Kom Hariba, an old Maratha woman, made a complaint before Mr. A. Plankett, the City Magistrate, yesterday, to the effect that a Gossai, by name Mahadevgir, impersonating a pleader, imposed upon her credulity, and received from her the sum of rupees seventy-five under pretext of settling some dispute in connection with fields belonging to her. For days together the man had her knocked about from one Court to another, leading her to believe all the while that arrangements regarding her land were being brought to a satisfactory issue.—*Ibid.*

POONA POULTRY SHOW.—The Poona Agri-Horticultural Society had decided upon holding its second annual Poultry Show during the latter half of January next. Interest in the subject having now been fairly awakened, the show is expected to prove a great success, and an improvement upon that of last year. Among the prizes to be given is one series to be called the "Hotel-keepers' Prizes" mainly subscribed for by that interested class. These are for capons; pairs of fowls for roasting; pens of a dozen fowls and ducks; pairs of Turkeys, guinea-fowls, green geese, and ducks; also for single geese. All the above are to be fattened, and ready for the table. —*Ibid.*

SINGARENNI COAL.—We hear that the quantity of coal extracted from the mines at Singarenni and brought over the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway during the month of November was 672 tons 11 cwt. 3 qrs.: out of this amount about 140 tons of coal have been sent for experiment to various firms in Bombay. Mr. Roberts, the Chief Storekeeper of the railway, proceeded to Bombay on Saturday last, to make all arrangements to introduce the coal into the market at Bombay.—*Deccan Times.*

TANTIA BHIL.—Tantia's notorious gang of dacoits have visited the village of Banajhar, near Khandwa, and carried off property valued at over three thousand rupees. A raid was also made on another place, Bhurphal, where an aged widow and her son were brutally maltreated, and about two hundred rupees taken.—*Poona Observer.*

SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITY.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. Babington, District Superintendent of Police, is appointed to be a nominated member of the Poona Suburban Municipality, *vice* Mr. Molver, resigned.—*Ibid.*

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 8th December, 1887.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·943
Temperature of the Air	79·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69·3
Dew Point	62·7
Relative humidity of Air	58
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	86·9
Minimum do. (read at 10 a.m.)	62·8
General Direction of Wind	ENE. NW. NNW. N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	327

* From midnight to midnight.

THEATRICALS AT SEA.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company's Huzara, which arrived here a few days ago from London *viâ* Karachi, had a singularly pleasant voyage. She had a large number of passengers on board, among whom there was no lack of musical and histrionic talent, as was very conclusively proved by the excellent entertainments which were improvised to relieve the monotony of the voyage, if a voyage made under the auspices of such a resourceful director as Captain Campbell could possibly be monotonous. The entertainments with which the passengers beguiled the way were organised under the personal supervision of Captain Campbell, with the result that they were so many and so interesting, both in preparation and in actual performance, that not a dull moment was experienced the whole voyage through. The following is the programme of the entertainment which was given on the 12th ult.:—

Miss Whylock .....Piano.....Selections.
Beauty and the Beast.
Dramatis Personæ.

My Lady Langour	everything fatigues her, but novels Miss Cory.
My Lady Vanity	born to be admired by herself Miss A. Cory.
Beauty	by name and nature. Miss Macpherson.
Beast	handsome is that handsome does ...Dr. Fisher.
Merchant	poverty no crime Mr. Chapman.
Fairy	meddlesome little party ...Mddle. Roland.

Scenery.
Act I.—Young Ladies' Boudoir: Evening.

Mr. Butterworth	Recitation. Vulture and Husbandman.

Act II.—Interior of Cottage.

Miss Collingwood	Song. "In my wild mountain valley."

Act III.—Six months after: Garden.

Misses Cory	Duet...Sonvenir de Florence.

Act. IV.—Garden as before.

Mdlle Roland	Song.....La Veritable Mandla.

Interval.

At 8-45 Miss Whylock	.....Piano.....Selections.

The Bluebottle Inn.
(A charade in four Acts.)
Dramatis Personæ.

Mrs Tremaine	Visitor to Highbon ...Miss Cory.
Julia	her daughters ...Miss A. Cory.
Mary	...Miss Macpherson.
Giles Desmodel	landlord of Inn...Mr. Bridges.
John Blockedd	waiter .....Mr. Henham.

Scenery.
Act I.—Bar of Bluebottle Inn, Highbon.

Mr. Henham	.....Recitation .....Jackdaw of Rheims.

Act II.—Parlour.

Miss Collingwood	...Song.....Love hail'd a little maid

Act III.—Breakfast Room.

Misses Cory	.....Duet.....Che Ridere.

Act IV.—Bar as above.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A very pleasant evening was also spent on the 22nd ult., when the following programme was gone through:—

Miss Whylock .....Piano.....Selections.
To be followed at 7-35 p.m. by
A CHARADE.
(In three Acts).
Being adapted from "Tei ou parle français."
Dramatis Personæ.

Mr. Pringleton Pickerbock	.....Mr. Bridges.
Maria Jemima (his wife)	.....Miss Cory.
Major Harry Hothed	.....Mr. Henham.
Ellen (his wife)	.....Miss Macpherson.
Monsieur Victor	.....Mr. Butterworth.
Angelina	.....Mdle. Roland.
Eliza Jane	.....Miss A. Cory.

Scenery.
Act I.—Parlour.
Act II.—Drawing Room.
Act III.—Parlour.

Between Acts I & II	Miss Collingwood...Robin Adair.
" II and III	Mr. Saunders .....Eighteenpence
After Act III	Miss Macpherson.....Seventy miles.

Interval of 5 minutes.
After which Mr. Bridges will recite "Boadicea," and
Mr. Henham .....Robert of Sicily.
To be followed at 9 p.m. by
A CHARADE.
(In three Acts.)
From Smedley's Fran' Fairlegh.
Dramatis Personæ.

Susan Cowslip (barmaid)	.....Miss Cory.
Landlord	.....Mr. Bridges.
John Shonbitts	.....Mr. Henham.
Hyacinth Adonis Brown	.....Mr. Bridges.

Scenery.
Act I.—Bar of Inn.
Act II.—Best Room.
Act III.—Outside Inn.

Between Acts I & II	Miss Collingwood...Kathleen Aroon
" II & III	Mdle. Roland ...Serenade, Gounod

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE VINTAGE OF 1887.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER AND CO. have just issued a circular giving the following particulars of the vintage of 1887:—

FRANCE.

Champagne.—The result has been to a certain extent disappointing, particularly as prior to September, growers were sanguine of good results, but at the commencement of that month frosts interrupted the maturing of the grapes, and in some exposed districts serious loss has resulted—but in the districts that have escaped disaster, the wine made shows fair quality and good alcoholic strength. It is rather early yet to assert authoritatively how the wine will turn out, but we think it will resemble that of the year "1878."

Saumur.—A very excellent wine has been made, and the yield is fairly good.

Bordeaux.—The crop is not an abundant one, being about a third of the average yield. The characteristics of the new wine are—that they possess big body and good color; but experience proves that new wine showing such robustness is slow to arrive at maturity, and often remains hard and rough when in bottle. We call attention to the excellent quality of the Light Bordeaux we are now shipping. White Wine—the quality is excellent but the quantity small.

Burgundy.—The months of August and September although not giving the amount of heat desired, nevertheless the grapes showed at the gathering period—the end of September—remarkable maturity and soundness, and we confidently look forward to the 1887 vintage proving a remarkably fine one—superior to that of 1886.

Cognac.—The vintage has been about one-half the quantity of last year's, but the quality of the wine being excellent, very high prices have been paid for the product of its distillation. The Phylloxera has not at all increased its ravages. Stocks of very fine Old Brandies are in but few hands, and command an advance of nearly 50 per cent. upon last year's quotation.

GERMANY.

The farmers on the Rhine and Mosselle, until August, quite anticipated a good vintage, but then cold nights prevented the formation of saccharine in the grapes which previously bid fair to be all that was needed. The new wine will not be much better than the produce of the year, 1885.

SPAIN.

Sherry.—This vintage proves to be, so far as the finer qualities are concerned, a good average yield; this cannot be said of the lower qualities which have fallen short of the small yield of last year.—The wine, however, will be of fairly good quality.

Tarragona or Spanish Port.—The vintage of 1887 is not quite so large as anticipated (caused by excessive rains in the month of September), the quality, however, promises to turn out good, although the Must is rather deficient in color.

PORTUGAL.

Port.—The yield has been abundant and the quality we think should resemble the famous years of 1863 and 1870. In the finest districts of the "Upper Douro," however, the quantity is not quite what was anticipated, but the yield of the "Lower Douro" and the districts outside, is very large.

MADEIRA.

The vintage in Madeira has been a very good one—in some districts rather short, but in others above the average. The grapes were gathered in the finest weather and three weeks earlier than usual, on account of the beautiful hot summer which rendered the grapes perfectly sound and full of saccharine.

MARSALA.

Quantity this year will be fairly abundant, taking one district with another, and the quality very slightly short of the average and rich in saccharine. The vintage was gathered in fine weather.

ITALY.

Italian wines are now being brought to the notice of the home trade. There are many descriptions that we think need only to be known to be appreciated, and when prejudice is overcome we shall hope to assist in giving Italian wines some prominence, they possess good body colour and vinosity.

POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

THE Postmaster-General, Bombay, has issued the following notice:—

The homeward Overland Mail Steamers will leave Bombay in 1888, on Friday of every week in the fair season, and on Tuesday of every week in the monsoon.

2. Until the 14th February 1888, Overland Mails will be due in Bombay every Tuesday noon, as at present, and commencing from Monday, the 20th February, the Overland Mails will be due in Bombay a day earlier, *i. e.*, at noon on Monday.

3. The dates on which Mails for Europe, China, Australia, &c., will leave Bombay during the remainder of this month and during January 1888 are given below. Further information as to the dates on which these Mails will leave Bombay during the remainder of the year 1888 will be notified later:—

Mails for Europe.—On Fridays, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th December 1887, and 6th, 13th, 20th and 27th January 1888.

Mails for China and Australia.—On Fridays, 9th and 23rd December 1887, and 6th and 20th January 1888.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Aden.—On Friday, 16th December 1887, and 13th January 1888.

Mails for Zanzibar via Aden.—30th December 1887 and 27th January 1888.

ALL those who appreciate Lily White Teeth Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flower should use Kemp & CO.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect, dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash, per bottle Re. 1-4 and Re. 2-4.

AN APPEAL BY THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

MR. JUSTICE BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice Parsons, sitting on the Appellate Side of the High Court, have disposed of an appeal made by the Bombay Government in the case of the Empress *vs.* Yella bin Rayapa from a decision of Mr. J. L. Johnston, Sessions Judge of Dharwar. Guddya bin Bharmanna and Yella bin Rayapa were in July last charged before Mr. Johnston with murder in causing the death of one Rayapa bin Bharmanna in the district of Dharwar, on the 17th May 1887; and the Sessions Judge convicted the first prisoner and sentenced him to transportation for life, but acquitted the second and ordered his discharge. Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik appeared for the Crown; and Mr. N. G. Chandavarkar, under instructions from Government, appeared for the second prisoner.

It appears that about noon, on the 17th May last, the deceased went to his field to take down mangoes. After finishing the work, he was returning home about 4 p.m., when his younger brother Guddya and his relation Yella came from the low ground of the river, asked him where he was going, and abused him. Guddya beat him on his loins with the back of an axe, and he fell down. They then turned him on his back, kicked him, and trod over his groins and abdomen. He became unconscious, but recovered his senses after an hour-and-a-half. He did not know what occurred in the interval. The Sessions Judge had no doubt upon the medical evidence that considerable violence must have been used to the deceased to break his ribs and bruise his body and cause internal injuries. There was a dispute about a field between the deceased and the prisoners. The second prisoner had a half share in the field, and the deceased and the first prisoner had the other half share. In his confession before the Third Class Magistrate, the first accused said that he accompanied the second accused to Kalsur and sat under a Babul tree in a brook. The deceased was passing by towards the village. The second accused walked behind him after he had passed on and struck him on his loins with the back of an axe, whereby deceased fell on his face to the ground. After this the first accused made him lie on his back and trampled on his groins with both his feet. He was also angry with him, as he had taken back the field which he had given to the first accused. The second accused denied all complicity in the offence; and the confession of the first accused as implicating the second was materially contradicted by the dying declaration wherein the deceased stated that it was the first accused who struck him with the axe, which knocked him down. The Sessions Judge said he was far from satisfied with the conduct of this case by the police, the Public Prosecutor, or the committing Magistrate. Nothing had been made of the fact, if it be a fact, that the second accused had absconded. The sanction of a Magistrate to the detention of the first accused for over twenty-four hours was not applied for or obtained. As there was no eye-witness of the murder near enough to identify the first accused satisfactorily, the Sessions Judge refrained from passing the extreme sentence upon him. Differing from the assessors, the Court found the first accused guilty and sentenced him to transportation for life. Concurring with the assessors, the Sessions Judge found the second accused not guilty and directed his discharge.

Government, in their appeal, urged that the evidence of two of the witnesses and the dying declaration of the deceased, together with the other evidence on record, was sufficient for the conviction of the second accused.

Mr. Justice Birdwood, in disposing of the appeal, said: We are of opinion that, in this case, it is incumbent on us to reverse the judgment of acquittal and order a new trial. The Sessions Judge has acquitted the accused, because he is unable to accept the evidence of the witnesses, 8 and 9, and because he thinks that there is a legal objection to his basing a conviction on a dying declaration and the statement of an accomplice. With regard to the two witnesses the Sessions Judge says that he does not think that they are false, but that he can hardly accept the recognition by witness Maria of the accused at a distance of 150 yards when he did not recognise the deceased. This view of the evidence is of course open to the remark that it might be quite possible to recognise a man standing up, but not one lying on the ground. However, we do not wish, in disposing of the present appeal, to express any opinion of our own as to the value of the evidence given by the alleged eye-witnesses. As regards the dying declaration, however, the Session Judge errs in law in practically declining to decide whether it was true or not. No doubt such declarations ought to be received with the greatest caution (see Taylor on Evidence, para. 822) but there is no legal objection to a Court acting on such a declaration if it believes it to be true. Again, as to the effect of a confession which may be taken into consideration under section 30 of the Evidence Act, the Sessions Judge has apparently overlooked the decision of this Court in Reg. *vs.* Bayaji Kom] Andu and Mukta Walad Bhiva, (Criminal Ruling of the 18th November 1886) where the effect of such a confession is considered and explained. Without expressing any opinion on the merits of the case which might in any way affect the conclusions which the Judge ought to arrive at, on re-trying the accused, we think on the case as it stands that there has not been a proper trial, and we therefore reverse the finding of acquittal recorded by the Sessions Judge and order the case to be re-tried.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 9.

(Before the Acting CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

A CLAIM TO THE IMAMBARA PROPERTY.

NAWAB HAMIDOOD DOWLAH SAYED MAHOMED ALI KHAN AND ANOTHER *vs.* KHUDIZA BEEBEE AND OTHERS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Hart, acting Judge of the High Court, delivered judgment in this suit in favour of the plaintiff in February last. The defendants now appealed from the decision, which declared that the plaintiffs were entitled to the possession of the second floor of the Imambara, and to receive all rents which the defendants had realised from 29th June 1883. Mr. Lang and Mr. Basil Scott, instructed by Messrs. Winter and Burder, appeared for the appellants and defendants, while Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs and respondents.

The circumstances under which the claim arose were these. On the 14th June 1842, Mir Babun Ali conveyed the Imambara to Amjid Ali Shah, ex-King of Oude, and was by him appointed manager of it. He continued in such management till the death of Amjid Ali Shah, when his successor Mahomed Vajid Ali Shah appointed Mahomed Hashim Nimazi to be the manager. In 1869, an agreement was executed between Mahomed Vajid Ali Shah and Mahomed Hashim Nimazi, by which the terms of the latter's tenure were modified, and effect was given to the modified agreement by a *firman* of the ex-King of Oude. The Lower Court remarked that the parties were at issue as to the exact terms of the agreement of 1869 and the effect of the *firman*. The plaintiffs contended that the construction of the agreement was that the Imambara should be granted absolutely to Mahomed Hashim Nimazi in consideration of a sum of Rs. 19,286 due to him for money spent in the management and not repaid; and that the *firman* in fact made such grant. On the other hand, the defendants argued that the management of the Imambara was by the agreement granted to Nimazi and his heirs in perpetuity; and that this was all that was done by the *firman* or could be done by it, because the property was of the nature of *wakf*, and therefore inalienable before its purchase by Amjid Ali Shah, and certainly during the whole period of its management by Mir Babun Ali and Mahomed Hashim Nimazi. The plaintiffs claimed to eject the representatives of Nimazi, at present in possession of a portion of the Imambara, on the assumption that the property never was *wakf*, and that it had been rightly alienated to their predecessors. Mr. Justice Hart based his judgment entirely on the documentary evidence in the case without much regard to the oral testimony on either side, because the latter seemed to his Lordship, especially in the defendants' case, to be that of either biased or ignorant witnesses; and in any case where there were documents and accounts, long anterior in date to the origin of the dispute in the suit, in the undoubted handwriting of the predecessors of the parties themselves and relating to their own contemporary acts, the evidence which they afforded was infinitely more valuable than the recollections or opinions of human witnesses, however honestly disposed. His Lordship gave a decree in favour of the plaintiffs with costs. The defendants, in their appeal against the decision, urged that the Judge erred in holding that the property was not *wakf*; that he ought to have held that in the year 1869, and long prior thereto, it was *wakf* and inalienable. He also erred in holding that the property was conveyed to Hajee Mahomed Hashim Nimazi and his heirs absolutely, but was held by them as trustees and superintendents; and he further erred in holding that Nimazi had power to alienate any portions of the property.

Their Lordships, having heard the arguments of counsel, took time to consider their decision.

ALLEGED OUTRAGE ON THE NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

A GUARD, named Brookes, serving on the North-Western Railway, has been arrested by the police at Rawal Pindi, on a charge of assaulting Mrs. King, a passenger by the train, of which he was in charge, and cruelly maltreating her with immoral intent. The account of the outrage given by the Allahabad paper says:—

On Sunday evening last a most ruffianly outrage was perpetrated whilst the 5 o'clock up mail was running between Gujrat and Lala Musa. Not long after the departure of the train from Gujrat a European was observed to be walking along the footpaths of the carriages, but no notice was taken of the matter as it is of daily occurrence amongst guards and railway men in the execution of their duty. It was subsequently ascertained, however, that the man had entered the second-class carriage reserved for ladies and committed a brutal assault on a Mrs. King, who was travelling to Murree. The lady was found in her carriage weltering in a pool of blood, with her face fearfully mutilated, and her head gashed in three places. The man had seized her by the throat, and after dealing a few heavy blows on her head threw her on the floor, against which he kept dashing her head till she feigned insensibility, whereupon the man let go his grasp and, after extracting a purse containing money from her pocket, left the compartment. The affair occurred about 10 p. m. The only other Europeans in the train were two first-class passengers and the guard, G. D. Brookes, in charge of the train. The latter is under police investigations. There is, the paper adds, very strong circumstantial evidence against him, and there are also antecedent circumstances which certify suspicion falling on him.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

THE usual monthly meeting of this Society took place on Monday last, 5th instant, Dr. D. Macdonald presided and a large number of members were present.

The following new members were elected:—Mr. A. Elliott, C.S.I. Captain R. G. Dixon, Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, C.S., Mr. John M. Heyn, Dr. W. E. Cates, Mr. E. Mitchell, Mr. A. Leslie, Mr. W. J. B. Clerke, C.E., Mr. J. H. Symington, Rev. J. F. W. Gompertz, Mr. Geo. E. Mason, Major Sawyer, and Dr. Balchandra K. Bhatvadekar.

Mr. H. M. Phipson, the hon. secretary, then acknowledged receipt of the following contributions to the Society's collections:—

Contribution.	Description.	Contributor.
1 Snake (alive)	Trimeresurus Erythurus, from Mouli-mein	Capt. Jones.
1 Cuscus (alive)	Phalangista Ursina	Mrs. Potts.
1 Hamadryad or King Cobra (alive)	Ophiophagus Elaps (12 feet in length)	Mr. H. T. Ommaney, C.S.
3 Snakes	Trimeresurus Anamallensis Dipsas Gokool Cynophis Melanobaricus	Hon. Mr. Justice Scott.
A Collection of Birds & Skins, from New Guinea		Marchese Giacomo Doria.
1 Snake (alive)	Dabois Eleisans	Mr. J. Brand.
1 Snake (alive)	Gongylophis Colubrinus	Mr. H. G. Cowper.
1 Snake (alive)	Silybura Macrolepis	Mr. H. Wenden, C.E.
1 Snake (alive)	Hydrophis Diadema	Mr. J. M. Cursetjee.
1 Snake	Dabois Elegans	Mr. Bulwant Jayram.
1 Ostrich's Egg, laid in Bombay		Mr. H. W. Barrow.
1 Snake	Dabois Elegans	Mr. C. K. Kane.
1 Monitor (Stuffed)	Varanus Draconanus	Mr. T. Thorburn.
1 Skull of a Wolf between a wolf and a dog		Mr. Frank Rose.

Minor contributions from Rev. E. S. Hall, Mr. T. Lidbetter, and Mr. G. W. Terry.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIBRARY.

The Journal of Comparative Medicine and Surgery (27 numbers). The records of the Geological Survey of India, Vol. XX., Part 3. Bulletin of the California Academy of Science, Vol. II., No. 6. Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History, Vol. II., No. 1. A File of the "Asian," from Mr. A. Sterndale. Viaggio di L. Fea in Birmania, from the Marchese Doria. Transactions of the New Zealand Institute. Vol. X X., Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

Five handsome Markhor heads and three Ibex heads, mounted by the Society for Major Pengree, R. A., and collected by him in Cashmere, were exhibited.

Lieut. H. E. Barnes also exhibited some beautiful specimens of Corals from Singapore, collected by Mr. Nelson, s.s. "Lalpoora."

A special vote of thanks was passed to the Marchese Giacomo Doria, the Director of the Museum at Genoa, for his contribution of rare birds skins from New Guinea.

A vote of thanks was also passed to Mr. H. T. Ommaney, C.S., for his valuable present of a full grown live specimen of the Hamadryad, or King Cobra, (Ophiophagus Elaps) which was greatly admired by all the members present. The honorary secretary read a statement, received from Mr. Ommaney, containing particulars relative to the capture of the snake in the Canarese Jungles, on the Hyder Ghat Road.

Mr. W. F. Sinclair, C.S., then gave a most interesting lecture on the "*Common Objects of the Sea Shore*," which owing to the lateness of the hour he was unable to finish. A vote of thanks was voted to Mr. Sinclair and the meeting then ended.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

THE following passengers have arrived in Calcutta by the B. I. s.s. Goorkha, which sailed from London, on October 27:—Miss Chamney, Mr. M. Chamney, Mrs. G. Dickson, Mr. C. T. Forbes, Mr. E. J. Gilliam, Capt. and Mrs. R. M. Gimblett, Mr. H. R. Grimes, Mr. Halksworth and child, Miss Halksworth, Mr. J. H. Herbert, Mr. R. E. Jones, Mr. W. F. L. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. T. Keswick, Miss Kitchin, Capt. and Mrs. A. Liddiard, Mrs. McGavin and child, Mrs. Mason and child, Mr. J. Millahu, Mrs. H. S. Ransom, Miss Ransom, Miss M. Ransom, Mr. T. G. Russell, Mr. G. Caxton, Miss K. Sanders, Miss A. B. Crane, Miss A. C. Hill, Miss S. M. Medcalf, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Crofton and child, Mr. Hough, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sanderson and 4 children from London to Calcutta. Mr. F. Lincouzin and Mr. C. Stebbwan from London to Rangoon, 4 natives from Aden to Calcutta. Revd. and Mrs. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes, Mr. and Mrs. Sage, Mr. Williams, Mr. Hutchinson, and 1 deck from Colombo to Calcutta. Lt.-Col. H. Pritchard and servant, Lt. Smallwood and servant, Lt. Graham and 2 servants, Mr. J. Hunter and 21 natives from Madras to Calcutta.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

a Dr Burroughs.
a Captand Mrs O' Donnell, Poona.
Mr Leichman, Pondicherry.
a Major P Shaw, R D Fusilier, Poona.
Lieut H Goodenough, C I Horse, Poona.
a Mr J Hunter, England.
a Mr J Smithson, Hull.
a Mr and Mrs Candy, Rutnagiri.
Mr J Mitchell, London.
a Mr and Mrs E Urquhart, London.
a Misses Urquhars, London.
Lieut Col J G Walker, London.
a Mr G Durant, A V Dept London.
a Mr W H Clift, London.
Mr and Mrs Mark Wadia, London.
Mr E H Phillips, London.
a Mr E Temby, London.
a Lieut L. Gower, Indore.
Surg-Major J S Wilkins, Burma.
a Mr J Hannon, London.
a Mr H T Glover, London.
a Mrs Glover, London.
a Misses Glover, London.
a Lieut Cairnes, R E, London.
Dr Willmot, London.
Mrs Adams, London.
a Mr S Cowen, London.
a Mr E Pottinger, London.
a Capt Boroughs,
Lieut E C Cotgrave.
a Mr W Payton, Neemuch
Mr W H Smith.
Mr M Steintager.
Mrs Luckstedt.
a Mr W R Young, Madras.
Mr J J Heaton, C S, Bombay.
Major Luggard, R A.
Mr G W Less, Calcutta.
Col and Mrs Barnard Smith, Lucknow.
Mr J R Browne.
Mr E Maleny.
Col and Mrs Havelock, Akola.
Col S Penny, R A, Akola.
Genl F Thatcher, Akola.
Mr A Bachelder, Akola.
Mr Foster, Akola.
Mr A Clarke, Akola.
Mr M Schiver, Akola.
Revd J Gompertz, Akola.
Mr G Hardeck, Akola.
Lieut Eustace, Akola.
Mr C St Boggs, Akola.
Mr A Conley, Bombay.
Mr D Rae, Bombay.
a Baron Larpent, Bombay
Mr T Bland, Bombay.
Mr W Fernie, Bombay.
Mrs Y Thompson, Bombay
Mr E Bachrach, Bombay.
Mr R G Webb, Bombay.
Mr W N Cresswell, Bombay.
a Mr S Ooner, Bombay.
Mr J Heyn, Bombay.
Mr Michler, Bombay.
a Mrs Peyton, England.
Mr and Mrs Hamilton.

Residents left during the week are marked (a) thus.

STANDARD OF LENGTHS FOR INDIA.

THE Bengal National Chamber of Commerce have addressed a printed letter to Mr. W. C. Macpherson, Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General and Revenue Departments, regarding the propriety of adopting a uniform standard unit of length throughout India:—

The fraudulent practice that has sprung up of late, of putting false marks on piece-goods, is a growing evil. It results in causing material loss to the ignorant retail dealer and the buyer in this country, and tends to shake public confidence in the honesty and good faith of English traders and manufacturers, and thus deter the expansion of this branch of the trade. My committee, therefore, fully appreciates the necessity for adopting stringent legislative action for putting down such an injurious and demoralizing practice. My committee most respectfully begs to observe that the *hat* (cubit) and the *gaz*, representing linear measures, instead of representing 18 and 36 inches respectively differ widely, in different places, and not uncommonly in the same locality.

THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA IN PARIS.

THE Paris correspondent of the *Englishman* quotes the following account of a visit which a lady paid to the Gaekwar's wife:—

I was ushered, she says "most courteously upstairs. Every landing, and, indeed, every room below, overflowed with servants talking French and English amongst the native domestics, who smiled broadly on their fellows, and gesticulated freely. On the 3rd story, in a large, handsome, brilliantly lighted room by a log fire sat the ladies who surrounded the Gaekwar's wife. Her Highness wore a gorgeous saree of rose coloured muslin; her pretty feet were bare, and her lovely, youthful face, almost Spanish in its colouring, was alive with fun and laughter. A necklace of pearls encircled her firm young throat, and costly bracelets set off her arms. She is just sixteen, and has an exquisite mouth and perfect teeth. The other ladies, the Gaekwar's mother and relatives, wore dark blue sarees with red borders, Madras fashion; the conversation languished a little until I regained control over my Hindustani. After this all went well, and the Gaekwar's wife laughed with keen enjoyment at my anecdotes and remarks: "Ah, why did you not come before?" said one of the ladies regretfully. Mrs. Elliot then came in, much fatigued, but appeared amused to see how completely at ease we seemed. It was quite a pretty scene, and I was admitted as a great favour. I can see it still; the foreign faces, dark and eager, the blue sarees draped back so that the firelight played on the scarlet borders, and the pretty young Princess, her slender bare feet twinkling beneath the pale rose coloured folds of her drapery, her pearls, no whiter than her teeth, her lovely mouth and bright glances appreciative of my efforts to amuse the strangers in a foreign land. They all appear to delight in travelling in Europe. The hall downstairs was thronged with people waiting to see the Gaekwar, and I heard Mr Elliot had much difficulty in stopping the crowds of would-be interviewers from gaining entrance.

VISITORS TO POONA will find every House and Table Requirement at the Poona Establishment of PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.

BENGAL.

PROPOSED TELEGRAPH STATION AT KULPEE.—At the last meeting of the Port Commissioners for the Calcutta, the application of the Meteorological Reporter for the establishment of a telegraph station at Kulpee, which has been voted by the local Government, was taken up for discussion. It was resolved to support the application and to request the Government to favour the Port Commissioners with the grounds upon which the proposal could not be entertained. They urge

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED.—A Senior PRESS READER. None but competent men need try. Apply to MANAGER, *Bombay Gazette*.

LOST! THREE GOVERNMENT PROMISSORY NOTES of Rs. 1,000 each, Nos. 162825 of 1883-85, 77680, of 1885 and 24329 of 1885; between Mahim and Fort. Finder bringing it will be rewarded. FRAMJEE ADERJEE MISTRY, P. M. Modi & Co. Apollo Street, Fort.

'XMAS TREES.—The Greatest Variety in TOYS and DOLLS, as well as Fancy and Useful Presents, are now on view and are supplied to all up-country Schools every day.—SHROFF BROTHERS

IF you wish to send CHRISTMAS PRESENTS to your Friends, nothing would be more appreciable and suitable than 5 or 10 lbs. Boxes of DANTA & CO.'s TEAS which are specially prepared for this Festivities.—27, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.—CASHIER, BOOK-KEEPER, and CLERKS.—Apply, with copies of testimonials, or references, to "X.," *Bombay Gazette*.

TO LET.—FURNISHED BUNGALOW, at ALIBAG. Apply to LUCKMIDAS MANOCKJEE, Cloth Market.

PIANO (Lipp's), on SALE, in Excellent Order.—Rs. 450. Mr. HATHORNTHWAITE, Elphinstone College.

'XMAS GIFT, Rs. 10! Rs. 10!! Rs. 10, !!! A HAND SEWING MACHINE, in Neat Case Apply Sharp.—GEYER & Co., Ld.

JUST UNPACKED.—A large Assortment of Gent's and Ladies' LAWN TENNIS and Black and other Felts, at very Moderate Prices. Please come and see.—HAJEE EBRAHIM BROTHERS, Upper Storey, Opposite Crawford Market.

HAMS! HAMS!! 'Xmas Hams, FOR SALE, just landed, Best Northumberland, Cumberland, Good Quality, 11 Annas per lb. Apply at once. —P. FERNANDEZ, 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

PORT WINES.—VOLKART BROTHERS have just received a fresh shipment of Genuine Old PORT WINES, of excellent Body and Flavour from J. W. Bunnster, Oporto. Prices Rs. 19, 22, 26, 30, 37 and 42 per doz., according to quality. See special price list published elsewhere.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—In stock many Varieties of Fancy and Ornamental Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Timepieces, Opera glasses, Electroware, Spectacles, &c., &c. A trial only once solicited at D. R. PUNDOLE, Watchmaker, and Jeweller, Church Gate Street, next to the Vienna Confectionery.

CHRISTMAS CAKES, PUDDINGS and MINCE MEAT—Orders are being REGISTERED at PEARCE'S, 7, Church Gate Street.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a First-class Upper-storied Hotel. Each family has a separate Sitting Room. Terms Moderate.

PARCELS DELIVERED to any Address in the United Kingdom through the Foreign Parcel Agency, 18, Forbes Street, at 7 annas per lb.

THE "GLENDALE" HOTEL, Khandalla, RE-OPENED on the 5th October. Terms on application to the Manager, Glendale Hotel.

GRIMES' OUTFITS.—Dinner and Breakfast Sets, Lamp, Cutlery, &c., Rs. 175. Agents Wm. WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

BEST and CHEAP BLACK Broad Cloth, COATS, for Coachmen, Peons and Hamals, Rs. 8 each.—ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE, Meadow Street, Fort.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

MATHERAN SEASON OPENED. ALEXANDRA AND PINTO'S HOTELS open for Visitors. Detached Bungalows available for Families.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co. 15, Meadow Street.

WATCH-MAKERS' TOOLS and MATERIALS of various descriptions at lowest wholesale and retail prices.—KANNY & Co., 6, Rampart-Row.

REGISTRY OFFICE for DOMESTIC SERVANTS.—MOONSHY & Co., Commission Agents, Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUSTRALIAN CHEESE, fresh consignment. Very fine quality, As. 9 per lb. Apply to the Gowkeeper, Wm. WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

'XMAS PRESENTS.—Beautiful Diamond Stars with Pendants and Hair-pins of latest fashion, Rs. 550. S. and J. KHAN, 6, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

C. JOST & Co., GUNSMITHS.—Repair and Bronze Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, &c., under Guarantee. First Class Testimonials from Princes and the Army.

TO BE LET, a large and commodious BUNGALOW, opening Westerly breeze, at Faulkland Road. Apply to R. M. RUTNAGUR, Share and Stock Broker.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers with 8 pages Supplement of English news in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 17, including postage for the United Kingdom

RUSSIAN and GERMAN LESSONS by a Teutonic-Russian Diplomaed Teacher. Highest References. Address, care of SIGNOR PEDRAZA, Meadow Street.

THE STEAM LAUNCH "ELEPHANTA" has been specially fitted up for Picnics, and is now available for parties to Elephanta, &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and Son.

CASHMERES, Angolas, Tweeds and Worsted Suitings on view To-day. From 10 As. per yard Cash). The CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Gent.'s Outfitters, Church Gate Street.

B. A. DE NORONHA has RETURNED to BOMBAY and will be glad to give LESSONS on the Piano, Harmonium, Violin and Singing.—Old Dockyard Road, Mazagon.

JUST LANDED, ex s. s. BRINDISI, a Consignment of Rwon's Celebrated Toilet Soap for sale at Maker's Prices. Apply COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS, 13, Forbes Street.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row (opposite Municipal Offices) TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. The only Bombay Hotel with a French Cook.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription, Rs. 10 per year.

LESSONS in ENGLISH and ELOCUTION, in classes or in private, at 56, Hornby Road, 2nd floor. Apply between the hours of 6 and 7 p.m. APARTMENTS TO LET at same place. Two, three, or four large rooms.

WHISKY—John Walker and Co.'s, Rs. 25 per dozen. PORT WINE—Saccone's, Rs. 22. PORT WINE.—Vintage 1845, Rs. 34. SHERRY.—Saccone's Rs. 22. Agents Wm. WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

MATHERAN GRANVILLE HOTEL—LIKE ITS PROTOTYPE.—The Best. No low pitched, ill-ventilated Rooms so common here. Extensive Views, including the Bombay Sea. Near Gymkhana, Church, &c.

PITMAN'S SHORTHAND PUPILS WANTED, rare opportunity reporting style, taught, terms Rs. 8/-. Monthly.—JOHN PEIRES, Certificated Teacher of Phonography, 137, Khetwady Main Road Khetwady.

KNOWLEDGE of Drawing not necessary Lessons to Ladies in Lustre Paintings, Kartaline, Canvasing, Crystoleum, Painted Lace, Porcelain Painting and Crewel Painting by a Diplomaed Lady. Terms at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 21 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

MATERIALS for Crystoleum Lustre, Canvasing, Crewel Paints, Dresden Art Lustre, Velvet Photographs, Designs drawn to order. Also Photos painted in Crystoleum, Canvasine and Kartaline from smallest to largest size. Address by letter "ARTISTE," care of this Office.

SURGEON-MAJOR A. S. G. JAYAKAR Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—I have used BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE with success in some obstinate cases of Intermittent Fever, and have pleasure in recommending it as a safe and reliable remedy.

DON'T you know that Rs. 1 paid for Batliwala's AGUE MIXTURE at Dr. BATLIWALA, Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay, and at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Chemists, Fort, Bombay, will be returned if the Ague or Intermittent Malarious Fever does not abate within three days by its use? Agents for Up-country Wanted. Apply to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, 39 Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE light, strong and elegant, Drawing, Dining and Bed-room Chairs, Couches, Rocking and Folding Chairs, Settees, Pier Tables, Teapoys, &c. For illustrated price list apply to J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

BALDWIN HIGH SCHOOLS, BANGALORE.—For Barders and Day-Scholars of European descent of both sexes. Separate compounds. Thoroughly Christian care. Climate unsurpassed in India. Board Rs. 25 per mensem. Tuition Rs. 2-3-6 according to Standard. For Prospectus and particulars address Rev. H. C. STUNTZ, Principal.

PACKAGES containing one dozen assorted CHRISTMAS GREETINGS sent to addresses Upcountry or Foreign on receipt of Rs. 5 to Rs. 25 per *Bombay Gazette* price 16, Esplanade, Fort.

CHRISTMAS GREETINGS.—The newest artistic designs of Christmas Greetings, on Porcelain Vases and Cards, just received from the best Houses in London at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, 16, Esplanade, Fort.

CHRISTMAS BONBONS, Sweets, Raisins, Figs, Currants, Chocolates, Creams; Chocolates &c., PEARCE, Church Gate Street.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—CONTINUED.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Tasteful Articles in Silver, Electro and Gilt ware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection Solicited. Latest Novelties in Artistic Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

AMMUNITIONS for the AIR-GUNS.—SHOTS, 1,000, Rs. 4; Darts, 1 dozen, Rs. 1-8. L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

DOLLS! DOLLS!! TOYS! TOYS!!—Mechanical Toys, Speaking Animals, Rocking Skin Horses.—MORENAS and Co., 15, Meadow Street.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, (Opposite Municipal Offices). TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. Entirely under European Management.

SINGER'S FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS SEWING MACHINES, 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

THE PALL MALL HAIR CUTTING SALOON and TOILET CLUB for Ladies and Gentlemen. Hair and Boards Cut and Brushed by Machinery. Toilet Requisites and Theatrical Articles. 73, Esplanade Road.

AIR-TIGHT UNIFORM CASES, with partition for Sword and Helmet, Infantry 40 in long; Cavalry 43 in.; also Air-tight Japanned Boxes, Ladies' Dress Boxes, &c., &c. BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA, DENTAL SURGEON, MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P.M. Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas. No. 23, RAMPART ROW. Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS, HAVE received a Consignment of very best Ivory-Hausted Sheffield Cutlery, with through Tang. These have been made specially to our order by one of the best Manufacturers and are offered at exceptionally low prices 18, Marine Street, Bombay.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI, SURGEON DENTIST. NO. 3, HORNBY ROW, Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER, FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S., TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system. No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street. (Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL." Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried. DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and gentle in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY. 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and non other.

*** AGENTS WANTED.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headache and Costiveness.

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DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure, when all other drugs have failed.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS. CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS, SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY; Sole Agents in India for the SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK STUTTGART.

THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.

We would caution intending purchasers not to confound us with SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE.

See our illustrated price-list free by post.

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily
" " " Overland Summar
" " " Weekly Budget
" " " Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co. Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES. CAREFULLY adapted to correct all defect of vision. LAWRENCE AND MAYO, OPTHALMIC OPTICIANS. (Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India.) Offices.—Old Bond Street London. 3 & 4 Hare Street Calcutta. Rampart Row Bombay. MAJOR GENERAL SIR MICHAEL BIDDULPH, C. B., writes:—

I have much pleasure on leaving India to acknowledge the excellency of the Spectacles you have furnished me, and I shall always gladly recommend your Pebble Spectacles to my friends. PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Inferior instruments have recently been introduced under a name which closely resembles theirs. Intending purchasers should therefore satisfy themselves that the name on the Piano they are getting is Schiedmayer and Soehne.

Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.

THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Cash Rs. 720.

Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. " 36.

The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. " 38.

Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Station Bombay or Poona.

Address: MARCKS & Co., Limited, Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT: TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER AT THE ORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT, BEING A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*, WITH Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, cated the 26th March and 25th July, 1864, respectively, Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna *Bombay Gazette Office*, Rampart-row.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Byculla, 1,072 tons, Captain S Warrington, sailed yesterday afternoon, laden only with a general cargo for Calcutta via Rangoon and Moulmein.

THE s s Inchulva, 1,453 tons, Captain G Hough, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning, laden with a cargo of railway materials from Middlesborough (Nov. 3)

THE s s Peveril, 1,974 tons, Captain A Burgess, Agents Messrs Killick, Nixon and Co; arrived in Bombay yesterday afternoon from Massawa, in ballast. She had forty-two native passengers on deck.

THE B I steamer Patiala, 1,956 tons, arrived in Bombay yesterday from the Coast ports and Calcutta, laden with a general cargo and Mr. Whitly, from Calcutta; and twenty-two deck passengers from other ports.—The same company's steamer Pachumba, sailed from Bombay, under captain J B Mackay, for the Coast and Karachi. She has a general cargo of the following passengers on board:—Captain Ricardo and one servant and one hospital assistant for Karachi; and sixty two deck for various ports.

THE B I S N Co's Persian Gulf mail steamer, Pemba, 986 tons, Captain J Johnstone, from the Gulf ports and Karachi, reached Bombay yesterday afternoon. She had on board a general cargo, 56 chests of opium, 56 horses and the following passengers:—Col Le Messurier, Capt Thatcher, Mrs Norville and party consisting of ten members, Mosars H Y Khoja, M Jewanjee and two ladies, A R Bessam, and Maelzee, one native officer, Barrack Sergt Flennery, wife and two children, one European woman and infant, and 133 natives on deck.

THE ARRIVAL OF CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O s.s. Ancona, Captain W J Webber, arrived in Bombay yesterday with the China and Australian mails. The following passengers were on board, among whom there were three. For London.—Capt J D Carroll, from Kobe, and and Mr and Miss Osborne, from Sydeny. For Bombay from Hongkong.—Mr F A Cader, Mr B F Kavarana, Mr M P Talati, Mr D C Mehta, Mr A E Moses, Mr M P Arratin, Mr M C Junnaty, Mr E E Elias, Mr Faizally, Mr N Hoosein, Mr J B Monteiro, Mr Esofalli, Mr E Hipdoller. From Sydney.—Mr Cunningham. From Colombo—Mr and Mrs Valentino, Mr Benjamin. Mrs Hill, Miss K Hill and four children and an infant, and three deck.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

9TH DECEMBER, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Shds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Gem	1361	A. Nichol	A	K. Nixon & Co.
" Victoria	2207	W. Russell	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
" Peshawur	3927	W. A. Wheler	C	P. & O. Co.
" Zambesi	1540	Preston	D	P. & O. Co.
" Ross Shire	1361	W. Hewat	E	W. & A. Graham & Co.
" Rialto	1798	F. Kerr	F	F. Muir & Co.
" C. Ogilvie	1587	D. Millar	G	F. Muir & Co.
" Dacca	1239	E. E. Corner	H	F. Muir & Co.
" Bisagno	1499	Aufolo	K	F. Bozzoni.
" Hazara	1321	D. Campbell	M	B. I. S. N. Co.
" Inchgarvie	1728	M. T. Moss	O	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Inchulwa	1453	G. Hough	P	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Hampstead	1448	E. Jones	Q	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Avoca	901	C. Clyhoe	Ibis	Viram Ebrahim & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
9	Inchulva (s)	Hough	Middlesbro', Nov. 3.
	Patiala (s)	Smith	Calcutta, Nov. 14.
	Ancona (s)	Webber	Shanghai, Nov. 17.
	Peveril (s)	Burgess	Massowa, Nov. 30.
	Pemba (s)	Johnstone	Busreh, Nov. 26.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
9	Dago (s)	Corner	Tuticorin.
	Bay of Bengal	Latta	Chittagong.
	Pachumba (s)	Mackay	Coast and Karachi.
	Byculla (s)	Warrington	Calcutta.
	Coromandel	Reeves	London.

The steamer Cervin commenced to load yesterday for Havre.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.			
5	Madras s	Macfarlane	Rangoon, Nov. 28.
	Goorkha s	Henderson	London, Oct. 27.
	I M S. Tenasserim	Fallo	Rangoon, Dec 2.
	Britannia s	Scott	Rangoon, Nov. 28.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 5.—S camera Loodiana, Bolgravia, and Wing Sang, Ship George R. Skolfield.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 8.

FOR LONDON.

Coromandel s—1 bale cotton, the Bo Co; 3 cases condiments, H Mancherji and Sons; 5 cases indigo, Volkart Bros; 10 bales cotton Ritchie Stuar and Co; 10 cwts ivory, A R Ahmed.

Huzara s—42 cwts deer horns, F. Fischer and Co; 6,000 cwts baffalo horns, M. Moloobhai; 1 222 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 7 bales hides, M Sooner; 1,000 cwts myrabolums, J. Veerum; 1,000 cwts myrabolums, H. Gokaldass.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Gem s—200 cwts buffalo horns, George Lockhart and Co.

FOR HULL.

Rialto s—1,999 cwts linseed and 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co; 60 cwts clover, T. Gadhoo.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hampstead (s), 214 cwts gingelly seed, Lang Moir and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 30 cwts gum, J. L. Kersten.

Coromandel (s), 5 cases indigo, Volkart Bros.

Clan Ogilvie (s), 3,060 cwts wheat, The Bo-Co-Ld.

Victoria (s), 30 cwts gum, J. L. Kersten; 7,725 cwts gingelly seed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Inchgarvie (s), 50 bales cotton, Gaddam Bythell and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Coromandel (s), 47 cases indigo, Volkart Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Bisagno (s), 76 bales twist, F. R. Papa.

Peshawar (s), 28 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co; 10 cwts ivory, M. M. Essabhai.

FOR KOBE.

Peshawar (s), 297 bales twist, Finlay Muir and Co.

Zambesi (s), 12 bales twist, Tata and Co.

Bisagno (s), 5 bales twist, M. Rastamji; 50 bales twist, M. Harakchand.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi (s), 47 bales twist, Tata and Co; 186 cwts sharkfins, C. Ebhram; 15 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

Peshawar (s), 128 chests opium, J D Sassoon and Co; 14 chests opium, F W Postwalla; 30 chests opium, D Sassoon and Co; 24 chests opium, Tatta and Co; 15 chests opium and 6 cases Cambay stones, E Noordin and Co; 55 chests opium, N J Abhraham; 5 chest, opium, H A Esmail; 5 cwts ivory, M M Essabhai; 8 chests opium J Noroeji; 20 chests. opium, S N Talate and Co; 6 chests opium, L. Chuttoo; 23 chests opium Peerbhai and Co; 8 chests opium, G Shobhagmul.

Bisagno (s), 91 bales cotton and 34 bales twist, S Shewdatrai: 99 bales twist, F R Papa; 400 bales twist, 90 bales cotton H P Jootha; 65 bales twist Jamsetji Mg Co; 51 bales cotton, S Shewdatrai; 300 bales twist N Vethaldas.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bisagno (s), 50 bales twist, F R Papa.

Peshawur (s), 300 cwts sandalwood, J Peerbhai and Co; 66 chests opium, E J Abhraham; 118 chests opium, D Sassoon and Co; 5 chests opium, Isack Eraa; 33 chests opium N J Abhraham; 36 chests opium, E Noordin and Co; 19 chests opium, Tatta and Co.

Zambesi (s), 10 bales twist D Sassoon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 9.

Havelock, Col, Madras, 1st Infantry H C, on leave, to Poona.

Walker, Lt-Col, Bo, Ordee Dept, on inspection duty, to Ahmednagar.

Walker, Mad, 4th Cavlry, H C, to join, to Balarum.

Keene, Capt, Bo, R A, to join, to Poona.

Cates, Dy, Surgn Genl, Bo, I M S, on inspection duty, to Aden.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 10th December, 1887.

1. There will be Commanding Officer's Parade at the Town Hall, this day, Saturday, the 10th inst., at 4-45 p.m. Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road, Girgaum and Prince's Dock, at 4-15 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid, and members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors. The following movements will be practiced on Parade, viz.;—Part III. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 17, 19, 23 Clause 5, 29 and 32.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following order is notified:—

5. There will be a Commanding Officer's Parade this day, Saturday, the 10th inst., at 6-45 a.m., on the Kennedy Sea-face.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 9.

CONSOLS were unchanged in London yesterday at 101-¼; and French Rentes in Paris remained steady at 108. Silver, according to Reuter, had advanced 1-16d. more, being quoted at 44 3-16d. per oz.; and an 4½ per cent. Rupee Securities, there was, apparently, a rise of ¼ per cent. at £72¾; but Fours come ¼ per cent. lower at £69¾. Indian Sterling Loan was unaltered at 102½. A further extra sale of some 2½ lakhs of Council Bills on Calcutta at 1s. 4 31-32d. the rate obtained at the additional sales on the previous day—is reported. The weekly shipments of Specie to India consisted of £30,000 in Gold, and £90,000 in Silver, all for Bombay.

The weekly Returns of the Bank of England show a decrease in the Reserve of one per cent. since the previous Wednesday, making it stand at 47 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate of Discount remains at 4 per cent; and in the outside market 3½ per cent. for short London Bills, and 3 per cent. for 6 months' Sight Bank Paper are still the rates.

Brazers' Copper is still quoted at £70 per ton, while Wallaroo remains unquotable according to Reuter; but in Hard Spelter we note an advance of 10s. at £14 10s.

The Wheat market was firm yesterday, but prices show no charge. Linseed was quiet, and Calcutta Seed was 3d. and Bombay 6d. per quarter lower. Liverpool quality, however, is quoted 1s. 6d. higher. Rapeseed was quiet, but steady at previous rates.

The Liverpool market closed firm last evening, the sales for the day having reached 15,000 bales including 1,500 Surats. In the price of Spot Cotton no change whatever is reported; but American arrivals were 1-64d. higher in all positions. Manchester was firm.

In New York 10½ for Spot Mid-Uplands, and 10·75 cents for April Futures were still the rates. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports, wired as 39,000 bales, are heavy by the side of those on the corresponding day in the two previous years, and make the figures for comparison stand as follows:

	1887.	1886.	1885
Thursday's Receipts	39,000	29,000	33,000
Five days' do.	206,000	188,000	202,000
Since 1st Sept.	3,340,000	2,893,000	2,861,000

Our market opened with a firm feeling this morning, and with Broach and Bengal quoted Re. 1 per candy higher, yesterday's rates being named for other descriptions. It was soon apparent, however, that there was business to be done at current rates with Exporters except in Bengal, and the market became quiet, remaining so till the close. Broach has been quoted at Rs. 234, though it may now be called a rupee lower, and business is reported for March delivery between dealers. The small business of the day comprises some "Fine" Bengal, for February delivery, at Rs. 174; and a small lot of Ready Khangaum at Rs. 205 per candy. Bhownuggur is quoted at Rs. 196 for "Good," Rs. 204 for "Fully Good," and Rs. 217 for "Fine" April-May delivery. "Good" Julgaum, for March, at Rs 190; and Khangaum at Rs 202. Dharwar for May is still Rs. 204. Quotations for Bengal, for the present and the two following months' delivery, are as follows;—

	December.	January.	February.
Good	154	151½	150½
Fully Good	164	161	160½
Fine	176	174½	174

WHEAT is quiet, with little ready business passing, and none in contracts for the New Crop. Owing to the upward tendency in Freights and Exchange dealers quote prices 6 pies per cwt. lower all round.

SEEDS.—Linseed is firm at Rs. 6-3-3 per cwt. for bold grain of the Old crop, and Rs. 6-2-0 for the New; but we hear of no transaction of importance in either. Rapeseed, for the same reason as Wheat, is quoted half an anna lower for all kinds. Gingelly is unchanged. Poppy Seed is dull at Rs. 7-12-0 for Old, and Rs. 6-3-6 for the New crop.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,739	bales
Wheat	16,360	cwt
Linseed	6,553	"
Rapeseed	2,550	"
Gingelly	9,720	"
Groundnuts	738	"

FREIGHTS are quiet as far as current business is concerned, but rates are advancing, and we now quote Cotton to Liverpool and London at 20s., the rate for Continental Ports generally being 18s. 9d. to 20s., and for Trieste and Venice 30s. at a par of Exchange. The s.s. Cervin has been fixed for Havre at 19s. 3d. for this month's shipment; and ready business has been done for Marseilles at 16s. 6d. to 17s. per ton.

EXCHANGE has settled down to a quiet but steady tone, with scarcely any business doing. The demand for remittance has stopped; and present quotations do not tempt merchants to sell. Credits are quoted for January at 1s. 5 5-32d. and at 1s. 5 3-16d. onwards Bank demand for January-February is 1s. 4 15-16d., and for March-April 1s. 4 31-32d. For ready business we quote:

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 29-32d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 7-8d. "
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5d. "
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 5¼d. "
France, 3 months' sight	1·91. "

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been dull to-day, Fours having been quoted at 98½; but at closing 98 9-16 is quoted per cash, the rate for the 5th January account, at which a little business has been done, being 98⅝. ½ per cent. Paper is quoted at 102⅜.

SHARES have generally been steady to-day, but with very little business doing, the principal changes being an advance of Rs. 5 in Ripon Mill; and a decline of Rs. 2½ in Jevraz Balloo. Framji Petit are quoted Rs. 55 per share lower, owing to the fire which occurred at the Mazagon Mill early this morning, resulting in an estimated loss of over 3 lakhs, which, however, is said to be more or less covered by Insurance.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Divi-dend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	800	all	14 per.	788½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	800	all	15 do.	820
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	710
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	£	£	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	100	all	17½ do.	£45
National Bank of India	27,320	$125		5 per.	118xd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	£154½
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	—	£100	—	£1

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250 Rs. 54	1,250	
Albert Glazing Co.	100	800	800 Rs. —	625	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100 Rs. 100	850	
Apollo Press Co.	750	400	400 Rs. 20	240	
Bellary (small shares)	650	1,000	1,000 Rs. 20	250	
Brady Cawasjee & Co.	0	300	300 Rs. 16	110xd	
Do. do.	125	125	125 Rs. 15	135	
Bombay Cotton Press.	0	1,250	1,250 Rs. 60	615	
Dharwar Press Co.	0	300	300 12	80	
Elphinstone P. & G. Co.	0	1,000	1,000 Rs. 150	1,435	
East India Press Co.	100	4,500	5,000 Rs. 60	1,575	
Fort Press Co.	200	500	500 Rs. 80	600	
French Press Co.	400	800	800 Rs. 95	400	
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.					
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all Rs. 45	345	
Mannar Manfg. Co.	1,000	950	950 Rs. 10	323½	
Meanmilla Press Co.	1,000	125	125 Rs. 5	76	
Mofussil Co.	2,150	400	400 Rs. 0	437½	
New Surat Cotton Glazing & Press Co.	1,250	500	500 Rs. 60	530	
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125 Rs. 10	97½	
Prances of W. Press	1,000	100	100 Rs. 80	200x	
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	800	800	80 Rs. 75		
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	75 Rs. 75		
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,700	1,000 Rs. 120	1,300	
Sirdedale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500 — 25	500	
Samoon Press Co.	1,000	1,700	1,000 Rs	575xd	
Volkart Press Co.	400	800	800		

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000	200	200	10	190
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	750	200	150	5 p ct	140
Bapty Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100 Rs. 16		134
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	825		185	nil.	90
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	600	600	3 3-p	100
Bombay Saw Mills	800	1,000	1,000	11 p.c	495
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100 Rs. 2	16 p. ct.	190
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	93	
Do. (Ld. issued)	3,000	62	375 Rs. 5	7 p.c.	2,650
Bombay Municipal Bonds				5 p.c.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LORD HARTINGTON AND PROTECTION.

LONDON, Dec. 9.

A great meeting, followed by a banquet, was held by the Unionist Party last night at Westminster.

The Duke of Argyll, Lord Derby and a number of other notabilities were present. The speeches mainly turned upon the state of Ireland.

Lord Hartington, in his speech, admitted that the activity of a certain section of the Conservatives in favour of "Fair Trade" might imperil the chances of a coalition, but that the leaders of the party would not support the agitation. "Anyhow," said his Lordship, "Protection can be revoked, but Home Rule cannot be."

SENTENCE ON EDWARD HARRINGTON.

Mr. Edward Harrington has been sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON ON THE SITUATION.

Sir James Fergusson, speaking yesterday at Guildford, said, in alluding to the warlike rumours that are current just now, that there was no present cause to apprehend any disturbance of European peace.

The belief in the general desire for peace expressed by Lord Salisbury in his speech at the Mansion House had been strengthened by subsequent events.

THE HEALTH OF THE CROWN PRINCE.

BERLIN, Dec. 8.

It is stated that the Doctors in attendance upon the Crown Prince of Germany are beginning to entertain doubts whether the complaint is really cancer.

His Royal Highness continues to enjoy robust health, and his medical advisers are more sanguine about his recovery.

THE MADRAS CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HINGANGHAT, Dec. 9.

An influentially attended and representative meeting has been held in the spacious school hall, the Honorary Magistrate presiding, when Mr. Mangesh Kolasker, late student at the local school, was unanimously elected its delegate at the Madras Congress. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

THE VICEROY OUT A SPORTING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BHURTPORE, Dec. 9.

To-day, the Viceroy, accompanied by the Maharajah of Bhurtpore, the Resident, Major Martelli, and members of the Staff, went out a duck shooting to a large jheel, about two miles from Bhurtpore, where an excellent day's sport was had. To-morrow and probably on Monday also the party will go deer shooting to one of the Rajah's preserves, where it is hoped that Sambhur will be obtained.

DEPARTURE OF MR. FRASER FOR KURRACHEE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 9.

Mr. Fraser, Agent of the Bank of Bombay, Ahmedabad Branch, leaves for Kurrachee. A large gathering of merchants, officials, and others met at the Hemabhai Institute, Mr. G. B. Reid, Collector, presiding, to present him an address Mr. Dustoor, City Magistrate, Messrs. Madhavlal Ranchorelal and Kathwate made appropriate speeches. The address was read by Shett Framjee Pestonjee Vakeel and suitably replied to by Mr. Fraser.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, Dec. 9.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Ballaarat, with the outward English mails of the 2nd instant, left here for Bombay at midnight yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Dec. 8.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Lamont arrived here from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, this morning.

SINGAPORE, Dec. 9.

The Italian steamer Bormida, which left Bombay on the 26th November last, arrived here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dholleras	4½
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	69½
4½ do. do.	72½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102½
4½ per cent. French Rentes	108
Bar Silver	44 3-16

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £20,400,000; no change; public deposits, £4,500,000; increase £400,000; other deposits £23,800,000; increase £500,000; other securities, £18,600,000; decrease £300,000; notes and gold, £12,300,000; increase £100,000. The Bank's Reserve is 47 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(DECEMBER 9.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Suez, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
Turkish route right to Pera.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, Dec. 8.

10 p.m. ... 75·0

FRIDAY, Dec. 9.

6 a.m.	73·0
10 a.m.	73·2
2 p.m.	82·3
4 p.m.	81·5

According to news received at Lahore a peculiar charge of bribery against a Government servant at Dehra Dun is to be enquired into shortly. It seems that, at the end of June or thereabouts, the Maharani of Tehri sent by her *kuranchi* to the Dehra Dun Treasury the sum of two lakhs of rupees, which were handed over to the Treasury clerk. In weighing and counting them the Babu noticed that about twenty-five thousand had been cut. These, it is stated, the Babu refused at first, but eventually they were received into the Treasury, and receipt in full given for them. On returning to Tehri the *kuranchi* is alleged to have informed the Maharani that twenty-five thousand rupees were rejected at first as being light in weight and cut, but that the Treasury clerk subsequently sent for him to his own house, where the *kuranchi* says he paid the Babu Rs. 400 to pass the damaged coins. The Maharani, wishing to verify her servant's statements, is said to have communicated with the Superintendent of the Dun. The upshot is that Babu Gorendra Mohun is under arrest, and a criminal investigation into the matter will take place.

There is something highly dramatic in the circumstances attending the fall of Ravonina Hitrinisarivo, the Malagasy Foreign Secretary. On September 6th he went as usual to the palace, but on his arrival he was ordered to proceed to the High Court of Justice, where on the same day he was tried for a State offence and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. The sentence was subsequently commuted to one of exile; and the fallen Minister is allowed to reside at Ambositra, four days' journey from the capital. It appears that for some time past his name has been associated with rumours of a revolutionary character; and indeed a faction in Madagascar seems to have marked him out as a possible successor to his uncle, the Prime Minister. Whatever truth there may be in these reports, he was actually tried and convicted on a charge of forging his seal of office. According to the *Madagascar Times*, he "ordered out from London an English-made seal of office, slightly different from the one which he had been empowered to use, and which was of native workmanship. What he intended to do with the English-made seal is not stated.

LONDON IN NOVEMBER.

(FROM A LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 17.

"There is smoke and smoke," said a Magistrate at Wandsworth Police Court to a Putney baker, who was accused of contributing more than his quota to our already over-liberal allowance of metropolitan smuts. The picturesque blue haze that the artist loves to see arise from the chimney of the moorland cabin, softening the clearness of the summer air, and diffusing its piquant fragrance of pine and peat, differs vastly from the murky cloud that lowers over our city at times, a plague of palpable darkness, such as was the terror of old Egyptians, and which would be fearful even to us hardy moderns if it had not come over us so stealthily that we grew used to it as it approached. But it is a sore subject with us this smoke question; whether we are magistrates or bakers, the fining one, or the fined; and one that is not likely to evoke sympathy nor leniency for the transgressor against the smoke abatement laws, when his case is tried, as it was yesterday, in an atmosphere gloomy with the unconsumed abominations sent forth from a thousand fur-faces and countless house chimneys.

* * *

There is also fog and fog as we here know only too well Our rich ochre-hued home-manufactured article is a thing distinct from the delicate filmy haze that steals over the summer sea, hiding its distance in a mystic veil, or from the soft cloudy mist that creeps down the mountain side, or rises in the valley where the lake is shallow and where the forget-me-nots and the bulrushes grow. We, Londoners, have indeed a thing unique in the line of fogs, and I do not think we can be accused like other owners of rarities of being over proud of our possession. It is true that we sometimes talk a little big to new comers of the glories of past fogs and pooh pooh the fog of the present as a base imitation, because we can see the gleam of a street lamp at a yard and a half away; but on the whole we feel our fogs are to us a thing of the white elephant kind that we would gladly get rid of but cannot. Many moans rose on Wednesday from many parts of London, when daylight should have come, but did not; but no lamentations were so piteous as from the great circle outside the Albert Hall where Patti's concert was to be given.

* * *

It is very distressing to have an obstacle spring up from an unexpected quarter when tickets are taken and all things are ready, and if ever there was an obstacle to a concert, it is a really dense pea-soup quality fog such as we suffered under last Wednesday. But, luckily, towards evening it cleared off sufficiently to give us hope that Patti, whose voice is precious as rubies, might venture out, and when we reached the hall and found it filled through all its vast extent, we felt satisfied that there would be no disappointment. Looking round the great building there was a strange unreal effect. The spectators in tier over tier of the immense circle grew fainter in outline gradually, until in the promenade gallery they were dim, like the spirit forms that fill the background of Doré's pictures; the performers on the stage like actors in a *tableau vivant* seemed separated from us by a gauzy screen, and even our near neighbours, in spite of the reality of their forms in fashionable evening toilettes and spite of the gleam of gaslight, were wrapped in a misty mantle that made them seem all the more uncanny and weird for their close proximity. There was no delusion however about Patti. Her voice was as real and delightful as ever in the shadow song from Dinorah, the cavatina from Semiramide, and that old favourite song of ours "Twas within a mile of Edinbro' Town." Then she gave us "Darling, I love you so charmingly, repeating the last verse in response to the thundering applause. But I like best of all her "Home sweet Home," which was also given in reply to an encore. There is such variety in her notes and such exquisite modulation which one can appreciate best in a simple slow air, even though there is not such scope for trills and turns and birdlike warblings as in the more florid style of Aria.

* * *

Madame Trebelli also gave us some nice songs, but I think I should have appreciated her rich full notes more if there had been an interval, or a diversion in the way of a man's voice between Madame Patti's and her singing. Mr. Edward Lloyd delighted us with "Alice, where art thou?" and then another old favourite, "Come into the garden Maud." Mr. Santley also sang well. Then there was Mr. Piercy, Miss Frances Harrison, who has a very full voice, and Miss Elizabeth Hamlin, whose notes are very sweet, but a little monotonous. The Choral Union, too, sung some nice things in their usual good style, and we were quite enthusiastic in our praises of the whole affair, especially to our less venturesome friends, who did not dare to face the dangers of the fog-shrouded streets and lost their pleasure and their money perhaps as well.

* * *

Last Sunday's meeting in Trafalgar Square was attempted notwithstanding a depressing state of the weather that would, if any thing could, detain indoors those who had no special business abroad. It was attempted and failed; and another is advertised for next Sunday. What will be the result of this new plan of campaign, every one is anxious to know, and there is a lack of prophets springing up around to foretell us fearful things in the future. Mr. Bennet Burleigh is the one person concerned in the affair who has already tasted his share of the fruit of satisfaction. He has obtained the martyr's crown in the cause of reporting journalism, and he has besides attained the result to which few martyrs aspire, that of being tendered an abject apology by those who submitted him to the torture. Mr. Bennet Burleigh's name has become as well known now as his famous namesake's, on whom Queen Bess punned so pitilessly. "You be burley my Lord Burleigh," said the maiden Queen, "but you make less stir than my Lord of Leicester." Whether the present owner of the name be broad or thin he has managed to make some stir in our little busy world.

* * *

I think we all believe in the existence of family likenesses, and even the least remarking amongst us see resemblances in the children around us to their kin, if we do not notice it in the faces of our immediate circle. But turning over the pages of this month's *Century Magazine* we find a truly novel way of tracing, not only family likenesses, but such likeness as grows from similarity of occupation, or interest, or talent. The plan of proceeding to get at the character in which the so-called family likeness lies is to print one over another the negatives of the family photos, and in the end you have a kind of family face presented to you which is supposed to have most strongly marked the traits that are characteristic of all the members. There are condensations given of several families, of different students, of hospital nurses, some showing large sized brows and stronger chins obscurely behind. I cannot say I should put much faith in the science, and I should be sorry to have to seek for relatives through its medium. In many cases I thought the examples of sets of faces seemed to me to be almost alike, though the originals had no connection in mind or family. This essence of family faces is a curious thing, but is it not likely that the last faces give more individuality than the others to the impression? If this is not a fact, I think that by continuing to photograph sets of people *ad infinitum*, you would eventually find that they resolved themselves into two people's faces only—a man's and a woman's. Query.—Would they be the faces of Adam and Eve?

* * *

We went again to Olympia and enjoyed it quite as much as ever. There is a change of programme constantly, but the main features of the entertainment are the same. The race of classic chariots with eight horses each, four abreast, is a delightfully exciting thing; and then there is the marvellous ride of the girl with classic grace and agility, though not classic-sounding name, Miss Jenny O'Brien, who guides thirty-two horses at breakneck speed round the immense arena. The performance of the tumblers is wonderful. One scarcely sees them touch the ground until they bow in return for the people's applause and with a cry of "Voyons, Voyons" in shrill French tones of excitement they enthusiastically begin again. But the sights of the evening are, the Arabs, and the little railway which they attach and the dancing girls who amuse them when they have settled down to camp life in the desert. There is wonderful skill shewn in the use of the long slender Arab guns, and the murderous looking blades they flourish about with such equanimity making me shiver as I looked, and though I enjoyed it all, I was pleased to see them safely put by. Then they showed us how they break up camp. It was a more quiet affair than the wild rides, and I thought, when it was all over, of the lines:

The night shall be filled with music
And the cares that infest the day
Shall fold their tent like the Arab
And as silently steal away.

* * *

Now-a-days the episode or miracle of Mahomet and his mountain is reversed in our favour. There are many of us who cannot go to the mountain, so the mountain is amiable and comes to us. We cannot go to the desert, but soon we find it quietly established at Addison Road. We have no time to travel in America and see the cowboys work and play; but lo! we look around and find them here. We have had our Indian settlements and our colonials squatted here, and now having shewn us all its ways our Japanese village has moved away and given place to a music hall; not a Japanese one, I am happy to say, as I cannot regret that the musical part of the entertainment should have gone into the eternal silences. I do not like to accuse a highly cultured people of utter barbarity in the direction of one art when in others they have given such proofs of cultivation and taste, so I have an uneasy consciousness that is owing to something having been omitted from my mind that I do not appreciate their singing and playing. One must allow that Japanese painting in a decorative sense is very advanced, although the symmetry and repetition, which we think essential, are entirely left out, and there may be a similar requisite according to any notion, unknown to their theory of music. I am not cultured up to the point of appreciating it however, so I hail the coming of the new promenade concerts with pleasure.

* * *

The Somervil Club—one devoted altogether to women, and not especially those women who have an aim in life, something to occupy them when flirting and ballad singing, and novels have lost their easy, fresh charm—is on the brink of collapse, not for lack of members, but of funds; a common complaint which causes collapse elsewhere as well as in club life. This energetic little club has done so much for woman's culture in a solid way, that most people are hoping something may be done to save it from passing away.

FINE ART IN SCOTLAND.

Mr. D. McLauchlan Slater, Secretary for India of the Royal Association for the Promotion of Fine Arts in Scotland, has received copies of the photogravures of Sir Noel Paton's masterpiece, "The Quarrel of Oberon and Titania," for distribution to the subscribers to the Society's fund in this country. The photogravure is an exquisite picture, reproducing with great fidelity of detail all the graceful features of the original. It was produced under exceptional circumstances, all the processes of duplication having been personally superintended by the painter. The Association's programme for the current year has now been issued. It contemplates the presentation to each subscriber of a portfolio containing six etchings by W. Hole, A.R.S.A., after paintings in the Scottish National Gallery by Van Dyck, Ruisdael, Watteau, Ewbank, and others. Each subscriber is also entitled to chances in the annual drawing of oil paintings by eminent Scottish artists. The total value of the pictures thus distributed is from Rs. 15,000 to Rs. 20,000 annually, each picture varying in value from Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 20. Thanks to the patriotic energy with which Mr. McLauchlan Slater has pushed its interests, the Association has a large number of constituents in India, one of the most liberal subscribers being Lord Reay.

EMBEZZLEMENT ON THE BANK OF BOMBAY.

We published as a rumour yesterday a statement that serious defalcations had been discovered in the accounts of the Karachi branch of the Bank of Bombay. To-day we are in a position to state authentically that an extensive embezzlement has been committed and that the total deficit is Rs. 75,000. The deficit was discovered on Wednesday by Mr. Slight, auditor of the Bank, who a year ago found everything correct and in good order During the present audit, the bookss have been found well and regularly kept, but the cash was shortly the amount abovementioned. The ordinary cash in hand for every day use was correct, the deficiency occurring in the reserve balance. Of this sum, however, only some Rs. 25,000 or Rs. 30,000 will fall upon the bank, as the balance will be paid out of the Fidelity Guarantee and Pension Fund, which has now a capital of over four lakhs.

In connection with the funds, we regret to learn the Board of Directors have found it necessary to order immediate proceedings to be taken against Mr. Grant, the Agent of the Karachi Branch, no blame being attributed to any other officer. Mr. Grant, it will be remembered, came out to India upwards of twenty years ago, and for many years has occupied his present important position. While at Karachi he has enjoyed the respect of every section of the community, and has taken a leading part in local affairs.

A FANCY BAZAAR IN THE TOWN HALL.

A Fancy Bazaar was opened yesterday at the Town Hall in aid of the Home for destitute and infirm persons in Mazagon, and as usual attracted as many buyers as sellers. There was an unusually large number of the latter, who performed their rather pleasant duties with almost commendable, zeal. The youthful bachelor who visits the Bazaar with the laudable intention of assisting in his small way the object for which it is got up, finds however that he has to dip into his pockets rather often and at last begins to think that if this continues he will soon have to seek refuge in the Home itself. The nature of the object of the good work done by the Home will be seen from the accompanying report of Miss E. Pridgeon, the Lady Superintendent. It only remains for us to state that the Bazaar is a very good one of its type. The only complaint made was, "there is nothing for a man to buy." The attendance was all that could be wished for, and one was not allowed to leave the Hall till he was literally fleeced and left almost destitute,—ripe for admission to that Home for which he was paying. The idea was certainly good, and Miss Pridgeon must be happy in securing plenty of funds and inmates for the institution she superintends. Mrs Yarley's (living) wax works as exhibited by a Mr. O'Connor, are worth seeing, if there was nothing else in the Bazaar. The following is the report referred to:—

This Home was opened by the kind help of a few friends, and with the approval of the clergy of S. Peter's Church, in November 1885. Its object is to provide a shelter for persons who are temporarily out of work or in some trouble, or enfeebled by sickness or age: also, to assist in giving out-door relief to the sick and poor in the neighbourhood, and render such assistance in food, clothing or medicine as the funds will allow. The many gifts in money or kind towards the objects testify to the appreciation of the attempt. If it has not been as yet as satisfactory in its working in some respects as could be desired, it is hoped that the practical experience gained by the past will lead to improvements in the future. Since the Home was opened 38 persons have been received into the it, who have remained for periods ranging from one year and nine months to three months. One person, who was mentally deranged, after careful nursing for one year and nine months was able to be sent to her friends in England. Others who were placed here as a temporary measure, were kept until their friends could receive them; situations were obtained for five women and four men, and a few left at their own accord. Upwards of 150 parcels of old clothing have been given away, and by this means many persons have been enabled to obtain situations by being decently clad. 2,805 meals have been provided gratuitously for persons unemployed or too feeble to work, some getting one, some two, and some three meals a day, and Rs. 139-12-0 have been given towards rent for those who could not be admitted here, and railway fares paid to places where employment could be obtained. Needle-work has been done in the Home, and also given to outsiders as a means of enabling them to gain their livelihood.

During the Christmas Festivals of 1885 and 1886, a dinner was provided for the poor by the subscribers and their friends, and last year gifts of new clothing, blankets, shawls, &c., were given to about 30 persons, and clothing and toys to the same number of children. Mrs. Mylne kindly distributed them. The small stable belonging to the house was repaired at a cost of Rs. 75, and has since been used as a shelter for men who cannot of course be admitted into the house with women. The proceeds of the Annual Fancy Bazaar will be devoted to a Building Fund.

THE JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—"P. N. D." in your issue to-day, writes without knowledge on the appointment of Mr. Banks to the surgical chair in Bombay. During my recent furlough I devoted a great part of my time to clinical and other works at the London hospitals, mostly on the physicians' side, and can conscientiously bear testimony to the regularity with which Mr. Banks attended, I believe, mostly the surgical side of one of the hospitals (University College), where I used to see him frequently, being a very large place. He went round with the surgeons (while I was going round with the physicians) and witnessed the interesting operations performed by the eminent men there. Besides, Mr. Banks is known professionally by his contributions of some original articles in the *Lancet*. It is, therefore, absurd to talk in the way your correspondent does, Messrs. Bainbridge and Dudley no doubt are good and able men, but perhaps may be not senior to him in the service, and when a man devotes his leave to works and studies, surely he may be rewarded by such an appointment as the one to the Jamsetjee Hospital, where he may have opportunities of utilizing his knowledge. I may say that Mr. Banks is also an F.R.C.S. (of Dublin). Your correspondent has made a mistake, as Mr. Hatch's F. R. C. S. is from London, which is superior to that of Edinburgh. He took it recently at the same time as a gentleman whom the present writer was coaching for a medical qualification. Such being so, there is ample justification in the appointment. If "P. N. D." will go round the wards at the Bombay hospital, doubtless he will see the knowledge imbibed by the gentleman in question from such eminent men as Mr. Heath, Berkley Hill, Barker, Godbe, and others turned to good account in clinical teaching.

ONE JUST RETURNED FROM FURLOUH.

A CLUE TO THE PAREL MYSTERY.

The Commissioner of Police, Sir Frank Souter, has received a telegram from the Resident at Aden, that the two Pathans, who arrived at that port by the s. s. Wave, on the 1st instant, had been arrested and were forwarded to Bombay by the s. s. Manilla, under a Police escort, on the 3rd instant. These two men are suspected to have committed the murder of the Mahomedan woman whose dead body was found in a locked box lying in a ditch to the west of the B. B. and C. I. Railway line off the Elphinstone Road Station, Parel, on the forenoon of the 24th ultimo.

A CIV... [illegible]

SIXTY-SE... years ag... vant was lying ... a co... of gout, his eye blinded by ... he tells us, by his three ... and Elizabeth, who had in ro... young and cheerful minds to b... hours. With this pious motive, the ... tell the story of his life, and recorded it with ... own fair hands. With other memoirs of the same sort, this came to those of Lord Lindsay who printed it in his "Lives of the Lindsays" under the title of anecdotes of an Indian Life.

The annalist Robert Lindsay, was the son of the fine old Jacobite James, Earl of Balcarres and sister of the lady who wrote "Auld Robin Gray." He began life in the house of his uncle, a wine merchant at Cadiz, but getting a writership in 1772, started for Bengal, where he was at once appointed Assistant Accountant-General, and began to study Persian. He lived a merry life: he tells us that there were abundance of native scribes in all the offices to do the drudgery and the task-masters were not strict. He lived with Sir John Clavering, an enemy of Warren Hastings, the Governor-General, who therefore treated Lindsay as a man of the opposite party, and passed him over when there were promotions going. Bengal was then managed by different Councils, of five members each, at Patna, Moorshedabad and Dacca, and Lindsay was glad to accept an offer of the Chief of the Dacca Council to the place of youngest Assistant in 1776. So there he went, and after a successful speculation in salt, of which he bought the value of £30,000, and by which he paid all his debts in Calcutta, he managed to get the great place of Resident in Sylhet after two years. On arrival his first act was to pay his respects, as was customary, at the shrine of a Mussalman saint, Shaw Jullol. He says, "It was not my business to combat religious prejudices, and I therefore went in state, as others had done before me, left my shoes on the threshold and deposited on the tomb five gold mohurs as an offering." One of his numerous duties was to preside over a Civil Court of Judicature, assisted by a large establishment of "black officers." The Criminal Courts were still under the Nawab of Bengal. The law administered was the Mahomedan; and it is sad to read in Mr. Spencer Walpole's recent history that sometime after that British Judges inflicted the pains of mutilation on culprits brought before them. Lindsay's chief duty was to collect the revenue and remit it to Dacca. The currency in Sylhet consisted of cowries of which 5,120 were equal to a rupee, and the rupee in those happy times being worth half a crown, 40,960 cowries made up a pound. Many large warehouses and cellars were required to contain this ponderous currency, and a large fleet of ships was employed every year to carry the collections to Dacca. The operation caused a loss of more than 10 per cent. Lindsay launched out into large trading speculations of his own; but before he had reaped the profit a new member of Council ordered his recall. Whereupon Lindsay set off post-haste to Calcutta in two hours, travelled 300 miles night and day, set all his private interest to work, and found the advantage of "the able influence of a fair lady" the wife of Justice Hyde, who warmly interested herself." The result was that the order was cancelled and Lindsay was victorious enough to return with a fresh appointment, quite independent of the Dacca Council. His pay was only £500 a year, but his commercial education made him intent on private speculations. He bought a mountain of limestone from a Native Chief; he dug for iron; he collected silks; and built a fleet of ships to take these materials to the marts on the Ganges and Calcutta. But other people wanted a share in the riches of the distant province. The Accountant-General induced "a blackman, Mr. Lopez," to make a tender for collecting the revenue. Lindsay saw through the trick, and objecting to the interference in his satrapy, trumped the card by endorsing the Accountant-General's opinion that the offer was a very fair one and overbidding by promising himself to pay the amount in six months instead of the stipulated two years. Of course Lindsay's offer had to be accepted; but the outwitted official never forgave him. Lindsay got on well as a rule with the wild inhabitants, the Cossiahs and Tartars, who reminded him of his native Highlanders when dressed in their Gaelic costume. One of their Rajahs treated him to some splendid sports. Thirty acres of jungle were enclosed in a stockade and the wild animals of the forest, driven in by beaters. The Resident and the Rajah, each with his hookah and his gun, were placed on a kind of balcony; and the wild beasts were then driven about. He found no fewer than 200 of the largest wild buffaloes, some hundred of the large elk deer, a great variety of the smaller deer, and wild hogs innumerable. The shooting is described with great enthusiasm. At another time a rebellion of the hill-men was produced by the unpleasant procedure adopted by a police sepoy to deter a Tartar whose untutored mind had led him to ignore sanitary considerations in the Resident's garden. After that the Resident made up his mind not to be in such a hurry to teach his people what they objected to understand. He turned to satisfying his love of sport and money-making at the same time by capturing elephants of whose habits he says he gained a perfect knowledge. He tells several highly interesting anecdotes about these timid, affectionate, half-reasoning beasts. He got a lucrative contract from Government for the supply of elephants and sent off annually 150 or 200 for sale. Mr. Lindsay writes:—"I have often heard my countrymen impeach the honesty of the lower ranks of the natives of India. These elephants were put under the charge of the common peon or menial of the lowest description, with directions to sell them wherever a market could be found—at Delhi, Scringapatam, Hyderabad or Poonah. These people were often absent eighteen months. On one occasion, my servant, Manoo, after a twelve months' absence, returned all covered with dust and in appearance most miserable; he unfolded his girdle and produced a scrap of paper of small dimensions which proved to be a banker's bill amounting to three or four thousand pounds. His own pay was thirty thillings sterling per month. I had no security whatever but my experience of his integrity; he might have gone off with the money if he pleased. But I never felt or showed the smallest distrust, and they always returned with bills to the full amount. When Fateh Tehta, Manoo was absent on one of these excursions, but he delivered to my agents as faithful an account of the produce as he would have done to myself. Can stronger proofs of honesty be given than what I have now related? I certainly was most fortunate in all my menial servants, having seldom or never changed them during a residence of eighteen years." We hope our readers of the opposite sentiments will take note of the above expression of opinion.

The Civilians whom Lindsay had superseded remained his jealous rivals, and one day he got a laconic order to hand over the province to another "black man," one Ganga Govind, who was, he says, privately under the patronage of one of the gentlemen. Ganga had taken a contract to farm the revenue. Lindsay says he did not mind, as he knew well there was not a black man in the country equal to the task of managing the wild peoples who were as turbulent and powerful as their neighbours, the tigers and panthers of the forests and hills. So he installed Ganga Govind with good grace, and set off on a pleasure trip in his boat to the Ganges. By the time he got to Benares, he got a message that Ganga had in every respect failed in his engagements. So Lindsay had to go back, and soon put all things to rights again.

The canny Scotsman had the shrewdness to do another good stroke of business when on the idle pleasure trip. He fell in with a boat near Patna belonging to another Civilian, an old friend, who made him a present of some newspapers from Scotland, in which he found an advertisement of some estate for sale, the purchase money not to be called up for some years. Lindsay determined to be a landed proprietor. He goes on:—"I therefore without a moment's delay despatched a letter to my mother, vesting her with full authority to purchase. This she accomplished with equal promptitude, purchasing, at that happy moment, the state of Touchars, for £31,000, which most assuredly is now worth double the amount or more." It had once belonged to his family. In 1787 he began to feel the effects of the laborious and active life he had led during his eighteen years of India; and on balancing his last two years' accounts, found himself more prosperous than he imagined. So he embarked for England in 1789 and arrived there after a tedious voyage of six months. It seems he married in 1780, but Lord Lindsay has not published the part of the memoir relating to that episode. Robert Lindsay speaks of her with great affection, and of his domestic life as affording as much comfort and happiness as this world can yield. Her sister relates that he had married the lady for his own when she was yet a child before he went to India.

The unequal fates had been kind to him, whereas his brother William, a midshipman, who went out to the East at the same time—their ships being so near to each other some times on the voyage that the brothers could see each other through the telescope—fell overboard and was drowned near St. Helena when homeward bound. Another brother, Captain James Lindsay of the 73rd Highlanders, was killed in storming Cuddalore in 1782 in his twenty-fifth year; and a third, Captain John Lindsay of the same regiment, was captured by Hyder Ali, and kept from 1780 to 1784 in miserable captivity at Seringapatam, of which he gives a very telling narrative. A fourth, Hugh Lindsay, after serving the King, entered the East India Company's service; and, after doing their mercantile business at Canton for years, retired with wealth and became Director and Chairman of the famous Company. We must quote Lord Lindsay for the last ...scene of all. Robert died at home in 1836 in his 83rd year. "The little bird's song and the blue sky ...ent over us as we committed his honoured remains ...their kindred dust in the Chapel of Balcarres." ...ended where he began, where the troop of ...ers and sisters, so well described by his sister, ... Anne the poetess, used to romp as little ...

And parted thus they rest who played
Beneath the same green tree,
Whose voices mingled as they prayed
Around one parent knee.

Q. S. D.

MILITARY NEWS.

H. H. the Nizam has agreed to a regiment of the Hyderabad Contingent Cavalry taking part in the forthcoming military manœuvres at Poona.

Another court martial, a second to the one before it (whereat a private of the K. Yorkshire Regiment was convicted of immediately refusing to secure a prisoner) was lately held at Cork, when Private Patrick Murphy was brought up for trial on the following three counts: Firstly, that the 26th ultimo, when Sergeant Phelan of his Regiment tried to put him in confinement, he offered him violence and threw a musket at him; 2ndly that he used insubordinate language towards his superior officer, in that when the said Sergeant asked him what articles of kit he had, he replied "What are you taking my kit for, you old pig"; and thirdly that he lost by neglect his regimental clothings and necessaries which it was his duty to have. The prisoner was convicted of all the charges and sentenced by the court to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment.

EXTENSIVE MILL FIRE AT MAZAGON.

THREE-AND-A-HALF LAKHS DAMAGES.

After having enjoyed an immunity from fire for over a period of six months a serious conflagration, resulting in extensive destruction, occurred yesterday morning, when the reeling and bundling rooms of the Framjee Petit Mills were destroyed. The fire was a serious one and would have been disastrous but for the prompt action and almost superhuman efforts of the mill staff and the police, for there is no doubt that the entire mill would have been burnt to the ground. It was about half-past-three yesterday morning that the fire was discovered. A Ramoosee, employed on the mill premises, who was stationed at the south end of the reeling and bundling room, noticed a peculiar odour issuing from the building. He called out to a police Ramoosee who did duty at the opposite end, telling him of it, when the latter cried out that the building was on fire. An alarm was immediately raised, and the staff and several employes, who were sleeping on the premises, got the mill steam fire-engine, as speedily as possible, into action. There was a copious supply of water fortunately. A hydrant near by was utilised and a powerful jet was directed on to the flames, which had, by this time, burst through the windows and were rapidly ascending to the roof. The exertions of those employed on the engine were not productive of much success at first, as in a very short while the roof was all ablaze. Attempts were then made to play the water on the roof alone so as to prevent the fire spreading to an adjoining building, which was separated by a passage of about twenty feet, and which was communicated with by a wooden structure at the south end of the upper storey. Valuable as was the flow of water from this engine, being unassisted, it was comparatively useless so far as any visible effect was concerned. The Municipal engines and a posse of police soon came on the scene, following on the wake of Mr. S. N. Wadia, the manager of the mill, who had hurried up to the mill premises as soon as he had been communicated with. The fire had now completely enveloped the building, and before another engine could be set to work on it the flames were fanned by a strong northerly wind, reached the wooden structure at the south end, and travelling over it to the adjoining building, which also located a reeling department on the upper storey with a store-room on the ground floor, very soon set it on fire. Under the orders of Mr. Smith, Chief Superintendent of Police, the Municipal fire-engine, which was fed by the mill's donkey engine, was kept playing on the second building, so as to prevent the fire spreading further and on to the long range of buildings in which the carding business is done. At about 5 o'clock the roof of the bundling room fell in, and shortly afterwards that of the store-room likewise came down with a heavy crash, enabling not a little those who were struggling so hard to get fairly beneath the burning mass. Men were sent on top of the roof of the carding room, and from there checked the further progress of the conflagration by deftly directing voluminous streams on to the flames and soaking the neighbouring walls. There was no lack of ready and willing hands to help when the alarm had spread. The Mazagon Mill under the management of the same firm, Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit and Sons, immediately sent over its fire-engine, while in the same way the Dinshaw Petit Mill, Parel, and the Manockjee Petit Mill, Tardeo, once despatched their engines to the assistance of Mr. Wadia. The fire was completely brought under control by 6 o'clock, and there was then no fear of further injury or a fresh outbreak. The two buildings were entirely gutted. Though the range of fire was not so very extensive, demolishing as it did only two one-storied buildings 149 by 45ft. each, the total loss of property amounts to, we understand, something like Rs. 3,50,000. However, the whole mill has been insured in no less than twenty-three different offices for a total sum of Rs. 9,41,000 and the stock affected has been covered to the extent of Rs. 1,75,000. There must be added to this loss that which must naturally follow through the closing for sometime at least of the mill. The mill, however, has a capital of sixteen lakhs, and with such a firm as that of Sir Dinshaw Petit managing its affairs, the temporary suspension of business cannot for a moment be a matter of moment to the shareholders. No one seems to know how the fire originated. Mr. Wadia, the manager, hesitates to believe that it was spontaneous combustion, as he did not think there was such material in the reeling and bundling room as could of itself become ignited. The rigorous supervision which obtains in the mill always, but especially at night, cannot support the supposition that one of the Ramoosees had a little fire of his own to warm himself and carelessly allowed some sparks to fly into one of the rooms. The fact, however, that the fire did break out inside the building leads the police to believe that the origin was from spontaneous combustion.

THE HYDERABAD DISPUTE.

The *Deccan Times* says in reference to the account it published the other day and which we quoted:—

Although it may argue undue precipitancy on our part in publishing the para we did in our last with regard to the Minister's action in respect to the late Jemadar Mahommed Shakoor's estate, that does not lessen in any degree the pleasure we have in now being assured that several of the statements there contained are unsupported by the facts. We now learn on the very best authority that the youngest son of the late Jemadar did not petition the Minister in direct regarding his father's property; that the idea of sending either Government or Pagah troops never entered the Minister's head for one moment; that nawab Zaffer Jung did not write to the Minister; and finally, that the Minister has not throughout this regrettable affair acted on his own responsibility but has simply carried out His Highness' orders. This of course entirely alters the whole aspect of the case, so far as the Minister is concerned, and it materially tends to enhance the satisfaction we have in another para expressed at the manner in which the affair has terminated.

THE LATE OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BENGAL.

Noticing the death of the Official Trustee of Bengal, the *Englishman* says:—

For upwards of a year Mr. Fergusson had been suffering from a peculiarly painful affection of the tongue and throat, and it was known generally that the disease had of late assumed a malignant form; but even the most discouraging reports had failed to prepare one for the suddenness of the end. The deceased was born in 1834 and educated at Rugby. He was admitted as an Attorney of the High Court in August 1860. For seven years he was a member of the firm of Messrs Berners, Sanderson and Fergusson, from which he retired in 1868 in order to read for the Bar, being called at the Middle Temple in May 1871. He then returned to India to practise, and two years later was appointed Official Trustee. He also acted several times as Deputy Sheriff, and had held the appointment of Registrar of the Diocese for some seven years. Among other appointments, he had long been a Director of the Bank of Bengal, of which he was elected President at the beginning of the current year. Mr. Fergusson was connected with many public movements, and was one of the Vice-Presidents of the Defence Association. Of the valuable services which he rendered in his capacity as Trustee, it would be difficult to speak too highly, but special reference may be made to the manner in which the estates of the Tagore family were established by him on their present basis of firmness and prosperity. It is impossible not to allude here, however briefly, to the inexhaustible kindness, the warmth of heart, and the genial, gracious manner which conquered all with whom he came in contact, and which left him,

a policy of isolation. The absence of through ...ing arrangements with the contiguous rail... and the break of a mile between the termi... the station of the B. B. and C. I. and the ...-Gondal at Wadhwan, left against ... much to, that for about the first thirty ... to Than a country carts successfully ... for cotton traffic with the railway. These ... which could be easily amended, and ... worth amending.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 10.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Rules for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

246-87 Thakurdas D and C—Lallji Kutchra and others vs. Dharamsi Kara and another—

322-87 Little, S, F and N.—Part heard.

Jefferson, B and D—Gowasji Ruttonji Limbooala vs. Barjorji Rustomji Limboowala and others—Chalk, W and S.

126-87 T A Bland—For pauper—C G Bigglie vs. W Bigglie and another.

240-86 Thakurdas D and C—Gulamhoosen Khan Mahomed and another vs. Veerji Damji—Wadia and G.

25-87 Orsigie L and O—Nuthubhai Shamlal and another vs Gulamhoosen Abdoolalli—Manekjal and D.

374-87 Jefferson B and D—C A Turner vs. H H Aga Akbarsha—Thakurdas D and C.

THE EMMA SMITH CASE.

THE case of Emma Smith *vs.* the Administrator-General of Bengal has again been before the High Court at Calcutta. In this matter a decree was obtained by the plaintiff to certain monies under some curious and sensational circumstances. Plaintiff was represented to be the grand-daughter of the late Lieutenant General Smith, and, as such, sued and obtained a decree for the possession of a large sum of money which remained in the hands of the Government unclaimed, till this claim was put in. On the 8th November, the Advocate-General, on behalf of the Government, and acting on certain information furnished to him, made an application to his lordship for the issue of a rule on the other side, to show cause why an estoppel to the decree should not be issued on the ground that the plaintiff in the case was not the person she represented herself to be, viz. she was the adopted daughter of the late George Rees Smith, and not the real daughter. The estoppel to the decree was granted, and one week's time given to allow further affidavits to be filed and enquiries made as to the truth of the allegations set out. Then on Monday, the 21st November, the Advocate-General again appeared before Justice Macpherson and said he had to file the petition in the case, which was supported by several fresh affidavits. One was an affidavit of one Eleanor Bandt, *alias* Mrs. Blacquire, another one by Dr. Serafutalis. These affidavits were to the effect that the plaintiff in the case was not the daughter of George Rees Smith, but had been adopted by him, and was the daughter of one Charles Braga, and that she had already been married, and had subsequently transferred herself to the late King of Oudh's settlement at Matiabrui. The present application, which was *ex parte* one, was granted. An order for estoppel was made *protem*, and two months' further enquiries to be made and the rule to be served on the opposite party. The matter came up this morning, when the Advocate-General pressed the application for two months' time to prosecute further enquiries.

Mr. Hill submitted the other side had sufficient time, and should not have more. Were they likely, did they suggest it any where, that they would get information which would strengthen their case. Whatever information they had obtained "by further inquiries" was dead against them. These applications were being made at the instance of some wretched police informer who very wisely kept in the background himself, but who put forward his kept mistress to make an affidavit, and went into the bye-lanes and back-slums of Calcutta and got some low class Mahomedans to make affidavits also, which, he ventured to submit, were not worth the paper on which they were written. Learned counsel thought they had had sufficient time, and if any more was to be granted, his lordship should not give more than a week.

His lordship said that the Government Solicitor said he had been advised to file a plaint. There would probably be a suit, claiming the money on behalf of Government or an injunction restraining Mr. Hill's client from drawing the money.

Mr. Hill said they would not be able to move any more than what they could move now.

The Advocate-General said that this money had been lying unclaimed for fifteen years since 1872, and suddenly the plaintiff had sprung into existence, and under an urgent application had induced the Administrator-General to give her a certificate. They had evidence to prove—he evidence of a Mahomedan doctor of considerable respectability, backed up by a dozen other respectable witnesses—that this person, Emma Smith, was not the next of kin, but an adopted child, and not entitled to the money.

His lordship said the question before him was merely a question of time, and there was a good deal of force in what the Advocate-General said. He would direct that the money be not paid to Emma Smith till the second day after the re-opening of the Court, after the Christmas vacation. There would be the same order as to costs. If proceedings were taken by the Secretary of State, then the costs should abate to result of that suit; but if not, the Secretary of State would have to pay all costs. It should be distinctly understood that this estoppel order will not be extended after the time mentioned.

GERMAN ARMY DISCIPLINE.

MR. J. C. CRAWFORD, who has recently spent some time in the west of Germany and in Alsace-Lorraine, describes at some length the extraordinary preparations which Germany has made for the next war with France. We quote the following :—

THE IMPREGNABILITY OF METZ.

Metz is one of the most strongly fortified cities in Europe. It is impregnable to-day against any army that France could bring again t it. I have seen all around this city and have been able to pass along under the fortifications and to note their multiplicity and strength. No civilian has the right to ascend even one of the lowest of the battlements. Only the most trusted of the German superior officers have the privilege of moving around freely through these breastworks. There are but few even among the German officers at Metz who know the exact character and extent of these defenses. Metz is entirely surrounded by tremendous walls of earth and masonry, varying in thickness from 20 to 60 feet. The principal wall passes entirely around the town in an unbroken line, being pierced only by passages which can be closed completely by massive steel gates. These walls are strengthened by deep moats. There are three moats passing entirely around the city. These are from 20 to 30 feet wide and are filled with water. In front of each moat is a frieze of jagged wood and a hedgerow of such strength as to make an impassable barrier without cutting. The capturing of one line of fortifications could only be done under the concentrated fire of the forts in the neighbourhood and the farther in lying defenses. The passing of one barrier would be merely a beginning.

FORT ST. QUENTIN.

The great heights around Metz are covered with forts. There are nine in the immediate neighborhood. The greatest height is occupied by Fort St. Quentin. This is absolutely as impregnable as the heights at Ehrenbreitstein, on the Rhine. This fort stands upon a high peak which rises alone from a wide-stretched plain. The plain is undulating, green and luxuriant in color. The height rises abruptly from this, a rocky mass, as if it were specially prepared by the hand of nature for a fortress to command the plain. With the tremendous armament attached to this fort no army could approach Metz from France without being utterly destroyed, unless St. Quentin could be first silenced or captured. It commands the country to the River Moselle. Upon its right between it and Metz is the tremendous fort of Friedrich Karl, and upon its north is Fort Plappeville. In addition to these forts, which immediately bar the road leading to Germany, there is no elevation near the city which is not occupied by strong modern military defenses.

CONSTANT DRILLING.

Once inside the city of Metz you find discipline, hard work and the results of a perfect military system. Fully half the people you see on the streets are soldiers. In the city of Metz there are 25,000 men. Along the frontier, in positions where they can be concentrated upon the border within twenty-four hours, there are over 200,000 men. In time of peace the confinement of so large a number of men as are at Metz within such circumscribed quarters would simply result in licence, idleness and dissipation. But there is nothing of the sort to be seen at Metz. The men are too constantly employed. The private soldiers are turned out at 4 o'clock in the morning. It is drill, drill from morning till night. The men are marched and countermarched. They are exercised in every form of evolution which could be employed in actual war. The officers are constantly scouring the country hunting up new difficulties to teach their men to overcome by preliminary drill. Such discipline, such subordination, I do not think was ever surpassed in any army. The officers wear their uniforms constantly. It is a breach of discipline, and of the most serious character, for them to appear in public in civilian dress. These officers have no time for social hospitalities. They never make calls or accept invitations, except among themselves. There is very little entertaining even among the officers on the border. They are too occupied with their military duties, in the perfecting of this tremendous military machine which each day grows more and more formidable.

DISCIPLINE OF THE GERMAN ARMY.

The perfection of the discipline of the German Army can only be understood by witnessing its actual operation. To begin with, the private soldiers are thoroughly trained physically, as well as in the mental details of the military profession. They are all accomplished gymnasts. Although the men in many of the regiments are of medium size they look strong, hardy and resolute. The German Army is perfectly democratic in the placing of its men. The sons of the best families, who wish merely to serve their three years' term, have to begin in the ranks as common soldiers. Those who wish to adopt the army as a profession are placed in special schools and according to the examinations they pass are placed in correspondingly better positions than those who are merely serving their three years' term. But when once a man enters the army his private social position is absolutely ignored. I heard when I was in Metz of a son of a most distinguished family being called upon to do his three years' service. His head gardener, who was called out at the same time and who had previously served, was given his old position as sergeant. The young nobleman was placed in the ranks as a private and under the command of his servant, the gardener. The very first day of his service the privates of his company were put to wheeling dirt for some breastworks. The sergeant could not bear to see his master's son engaged in this menial work and took off his coat and did his share for him, but this simply resulted in the punishment of the Sergeant for a breach of discipline.

PERFECT MILITARY SUBORDINATION.

The respect which a subordinate must pay to his superior extends throughout every hour and minute of the day. Wherever the subordinate meets his superior in rank he must extend to him the same formal official recognition of the superiority that he would exhibit upon the actual parade ground. The first night of my arrival in Metz I was dining at the table d'hote, when a heavy thick-set German officer entered the room. A slight, aristocratic looking German officer, also in uniform, was leisurely eating his dinner and talking with a friend when this officer entered the room. The moment the latter entered the young officer stood up from the table and saluted. He stood with his hand at the side of his head in the attitude of salute until the advancing officer returned the salute and told him politely to sit down. In this particular case I afterwards learned that the officer superior in rank was a former tradesman in the town where the younger officer, the only son of a noble family, was one of its social leaders. The two men in civil life would not know each other socially. But in the Army the tradesman's position commanded the absolute respect and obedience of the nobleman. It is merely give this instance as an illustration of the absolute perfection of the military subordination in the German Army. I noticed this constantly as the officers came into the dining-room. Every officer who came in saluted those present, and those saluted either arose or bowed formally, according to their relative ranks. The working of this discipline, which was shown in a hotel dining-room, was of course common to all places of public or private meeting. When the officers pass each other upon the street, no matter if it is twenty times a day, the same ceremony, only in a more curt fashion, is gone through with. The punishment for any breach of discipline is swift and severe. Yet in spite of the rigor of the discipline and the tremendous work involved, all of the officers and the men look comfortable and contented.

I did not see during my visit along the frontier a single case of drunkenness among the German soldiers. Mostly the only deserters from the service come from the ranks of the Alsace-Lorraine people, who have been impressed into a service which they hate. Some of these stupid country boys think that they can evade the long and powerful arm of the German military power, and make feeble attempts to escape across the frontier. But they are always caught and then they are punished in such a way as to make them abstain absolutely from making a second attempt.

NIGHT SIGNALS.

But in nothing is the perfection of preparation shown more than in the signals at night and in the sudden arming and turning out of the entire force along the frontier upon the shortest possible notice. The German soldier, when he retires at night, never knows whether he will be called out within the next ten minutes or at any time of the night. At 1 o'clock the signal will be given and then an order is called out for the men, and instantly the entire garrison at Metz will be placed in line. Men will be sent out at double quick up and down the streets, cavalry will go clattering out into the darkness, the artillerymen will be whipped out at their posts with the same swiftness and rush as if the enemy were actually at their gates. And then there will follow a shower of rockets. These lead to hillside fires, one hillside fire lights up another, and so the blaze of light runs along down the long line of the frontier, calling out by its signals the men at distant posts. Nothing that could happen now in the way of demonstration upon the part of France could find the Germans unprepared. They are united, harmonious and have a perfect military arm, but the special features of their work on the frontier I will notice in further letters.

HURT, THE HUNTER.

THERE lives to-day in Wyoming Territory a man who enjoys the distinction of having, in the course of his career on the frontier, killed over one hundred hostile Indians, slaughtered fully ten thousand antelope and above five thousand buffalo, writes a Cheyenne (Wy. T.) correspondent. His name is Joe Hurt, and he is at present engaged in the business of sheep raising near Rawlins, and makes that town his headquarters. Mr. Hurt is an ordinary-appearing man, but one whom a student of human nature would at once select as possessed of pluck, bravery, courage, and endurance. He never sought nor achieved the character or name of a desperado, and no one can truthfully say that Joe Hurt, or Ute Joe, as he was dubbed by his admiring associates, ever became engaged in dispute or quarrel except to protect his own life or property. He is a magnificent horseman, an unerring shot, and is endowed with remarkable eyesight and memory for faces and localities. He can discern objects with the naked eye at a greater distance than ordinary men can sight them with a powerful telescope. By natural instinct he is able to recognise and describe either white man or Indian after a lapse of years.

In the fifties Hurt was employed as a professional hunter by the Overland Express Company. He was stationed at a place called Sulphur Springs. Game was plenty, and Joe, with the aid of an enormous heavy three-barrelled rifle, which he had manufactured according to his own ideas of a useful and effective firearm, in a half days hunt, often secured enough meat to supply the station for a week. Between business trips the daring rider explored the country in the vicinity of Sulphur Springs, and often came riding into the station at a breakfast pace with a band of Indians at his bills.

One day while Hurt was hunting several miles from his home a band of Utes came along and murdered the station agent and his family, a couple of hostlers and the stockkeeper. They also burned a consignment of hay, and the stage coach and all the buildings about the place. Upon returning Joe observed the Indians and knew that they were awaiting his advent, as the redskins had a custom of exterminating the inhabitant of a station when they attacked it. He rightly reasoned that it was a battle to the death, and made for a high knoll with all possible speed. Reaching he hastily constructed a barricade with loose boulders, and killed the horse which he had been riding. The redskins heard the shot, and hastened toward the improvised fortress, little thinking that the man with whom they had to cope was, as they afterwards declared "a great medicine man." The fight lasted ten hours. The band which dashed toward Hurt with the confidence that a mountain lion leaps upon the back of a timid antelope numbered twenty-one gaily painted warriors. After the fortieth charge upon the impregnable barricade four dead and terrified bucks rode off, driving before them the ponies formerly mounted by seventeen copper-coloured savages who had fallen victims to the messenger of death launched at them by Hurt's three-barrelled rifle. Joe scalped every mother's son of the dead braves, and cured the trophies. He only reported the occurrence because in duty bound to do so, and mentioned one of the greatest battles ever fought, and his own brave and desperate action in a modest manner.

On another occasion a thieving band of Utes stole a bunch of forty horses from Mr. Hurt's ranch on the Platte. He sent a man to warn the citizens of Rawlins and started after his horses. A party was soon formed in Rawlins to hasten to his assistance. They met Hurt returning with the stolen horses, and packed upon the back of one of the animals was a bloody bundle which was found to contain fourteen fresh scalps. The nerve of the man is simply wonderful and his hatred of Indians a mystery. He hunted them for months at a time, and, though often wounded was never seriously injured. As late as 1872 Hurt was acting as scout, guide, and hunter. In 1875 he took a contract to supply a Chicago house with five thousand antelope carcases in one month. He earned the stipulated consideration easily. It is an actual fact that Hurt slaughtered and shipped one thousand three hundred antelope in four days.

MR. GOSCHEN ON BIMETALLISM AND INDIA.

IN the course of a reply to an address presented to him on the 17th November by the Manchester Bimetallic League, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, made the following reference to the Indian as pect of the exchange question :—

I can perfectly imagine what an outcry there might be if it were said the Bimetallic League are endeavouring, in the interests of certain interests in England, to check that development of our Indian Expire which has followed in the wake of the depreciation of silver. It will be an extremely difficult thing to know how to distinguish between those interests. The first thing is to ascertain the facts both here and in India—in India as much as here—and I know that the Commission are directing their minds to that, because one of the most extraordinary points of the whole of this case is that the rupee in India has not acted as according to the laws of political economy the rupee ought to have acted (Laughter.) It has not followed the prices in silver in other countries. It is the perverseness of the rupee in India (laughter) which has caused so much of this difficulty. Then there is another argument which is used, and in which there is some force I think. It is that this country on the whole is a country which claims to be the creditor of a vast number of other countries, and I have heard the argument put forward —and I put it before you now in order that you may reflect upon it and provide an answer—I have heard that matter put from this point of view by one of the highest financial authorities in the country. If, he says, there is an enormous debt owing in England is it not of advantage to the holders of gold that the greatest amount of produced should be sent by the debtors to that country to liquidate that debt? As it stands at present every one owing a debt to that country has to send a greater amount of produce than in the past. Is not that an advantage? You may admit that; but you may say on the other hand that a dislocation of trade, with the constant fluctuations between gold and silver, the impossibility of making calculations in your business transactions, with the want of employment which may result from the want of profit, that these are all disadvantages which counterbalance the advantage there is in the other considerations.

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THE PANAMA CANAL SCHEME.

A COUPLE of days ago we announced that M. Ferdinand de Lesseps had applied to the French President for authority to conduct a lottery to raise the capital necessary for the completion of the Panama Canal. A correspondent of the *New Orleans Times Democrat* gives the following account of the manner in which millions of dollars are squandered on the project :—

THE CITY OF COLON.

To the weary and seasick traveller no more enchanting scene can be viewed from the sea than the city of Colon, with its surroundings of tall palm trees waving in the breeze. It seems like a glimpse of fairyland; but let the tourist once land, and he is disenchanted. The air seems to be full of pestilence, and if Cologne is said to have had "seventy diseases, seventy-one stinks" I am sure Colon has at the least twice as many. In fact, it is a wonder that the inhabitants have not all of them turned-up noses. The front street has a planked-over sidewalk under which the water stands and putrifies after a rainfall. The back streets of the city are mud holes, and a green scum is their principle decoration. The majority of the houses are built upon sticks, with a bed of steaming mud beneath to add to their sanitary advantages. Generally the Panama Railroad Company run two funeral trains daily out to the cemetery at Monkey Hill, and carry lots of "dead beats."

DISPOSING OF THE DEAD.

The funeral ceremonies are conducted on a most economical plan. A poor man dies in the street. A box is brought and he is tumbled into it and whirled away to the place of sepulture. On arrival the body is pitched into a hole. When there are four or five bodies in this hole it is closed up. The boxes are, however, always brought back for further use. There is no hospital or aid for the sick and destitute. For the sick man there is no aid, for the dead no religious services. It is said that all are not dead who are thrown into these pits. This is immaterial, of course, as they soon die after the red mud is shovelled in upon them. There are hospitals, of course, in Colon, both American and French, the latter under the auspices of the canal company, whose head is M. de Lesseps. I have personally given the French hospital a trial of nearly a year and cannot recommend it as a first-class hotel. Poor coffee and tough beef are not, in my estimation, the most nourishing food for an invalid. These hospitals are under the control of my distinguished friend, M. de Lesseps, but he never boards at them when he chances to be in Colon. The Sisters of Charity—noble women—and a staff of some educated doctors of French distraction have the management of affairs. The principa lmedicines used are compound cathartic pills and quinine, varied occasionally by a fly-blister or an enema. This treatment is an eminently successful one, as is evidenced by the coffins going out every day.

HOSPITAL TREATMENT.

In the hospitals, as in everything else connected with the De Lesseps fraud, the French have the preference, except in graveyard privileges. They get chicken, &c., when an American or Englishman is given tough beef—the meat cut out between the horns of bullocks whose ancestry dates back beyond the reign of William the Conqueror, who himself is old enough to be his own grandfather. You cannot afford the space to mention all of the Count de Lesseps's hospital attractions for sick Americans. He pays his men off in "poco tiempo silver, the value of which at the best of times is only 60 cents on the dollar American. That he is striving at all times to replace skilled American labor by French help is an open secret. He has promised several times to have the canal opened at various dates, yet what has he accomplished? "O!" Yes, just that much and no more. He has built a lot of fancy cottages—"gimcrack" concerns—along the line between Colon and Panama. He has bought so much machinery and never used it, that at least 1,000,000 dolrs worth of unused, material lies along the Panama Railroad, rusting and decaying. That he has a "big head," an almost superhuman intellect, Suez Canal shows. Yes, he has a head for spending money—in the case of the Panama Canal—uselessly, and has notoriously imposed on those who have been weak enough to trust in his specious promises.

THE PROSPECTS OF THE CANAL.

The Panama Canal, or rather "The Interoceanique," will be, when completed, about fifty-five miles long. So far about eighteen miles have been dredged out on the Chagres, and a portion of the mountain at Culebra has been blasted out. This is all the work of contractors, not of the French. The American Dredging Company have done their work nobly, while the French dredges have lain idle and rusted along the shores of the Chagres. The chief aim of a French employee seems to be to drink absinthe, cognac and claret, and wear a cork hat and top boots. They are extremely clannish, and view Americans as an inferior race of animals. The canal company purpose building a dam across between two mountains near Gamboa. This they calculate will give them a lake of some marvellous capacity, so if the Atlantic and Pacific oceans ever dry up they can turn on a faucet and fill the canal without soiling their kid glover. It is all very fine in theory (De Lesseps) but the Chagres River rises sometimes twenty-seven feet in twenty-four hours, and should it take a notion to do so after this mythical lake is completed, it would soon show that Gamboa was not worth a dam. No profanity intended, M. de Lesseps is an imaginative man; he is a man of great ideas, but he did not "look before he leaped." Judging by present prospects the canal may be completed by the year 1976, when the second centennial of this grand republic will be celebrated. Supposing, for example only, that the canal could be completed by the French company in ten years, an investor in its bonds would be a centenarian before he received a decent return on his investment, provided he were twenty-one years of age to-day. By cooking up favourable reports on a gas-stove the French management have bagged millions of dollars, but the game is nearly played out. M. de Lesseps has built a town on a negro grave-yard at Colon, which he calls Cristoval Colon. He has taken possession of the bronze statue of Christopher Columbus, which was presented by Empress Eugenie, of France, to Colon itself as being one of the first places visited in the new world by the great discoverer. This he has erected in front of his palace, facing seaward, so as to welcome him when he sees fit to cross the waters. Here, at Cristoval Colon, are collected his faithful satellites. Most of them are like the lilies, as they grow "they neither toil, nor do they spin," yet they use up lots of brandy, vermouth and gin. As an old resident on the isthmus of Panama, and a looker on at all the doings of the so-called canal company, I do not hesitate to stigmatize the thing itself, so far, as a deceit and a sham.

THE SULTAN'S WEIR.

THE Sultan's Weir at Merv, which the Russians intend to restore, was destroyed rather more than a hundred years ago by a very remarkable man. Sir John Malcolm calls him one of the most extraordinary characters that any age or country has produced.

Beggi Jan, to give him the familiar appellation which his subjects preferred—H. R. the Lord of Beneficence, as the loftier title ran—was a strange mixture of ascetic, statesman, and soldier. He lived like a fakir, and ruled and fought like a khalif. His seal bore the inscription, "Power and dignity, when founded on justice, are from God: when not, from the devil." Mayor of the Palace to a puppet Khan of Bokhara, he went about dressed like a beggar. He appeared before the nobles one day with fewer rags on than usual: he had cut off a part of his raiment, he explained, to give to a poor man. When his father died he went round Bokhara with a sword at his throat, offering his life to any one who would take it, as expiation for the sins which his parent, a dissolute and feeble old man, had committed. Absolute master of the State Treasury, he drew only as much pay as would suffice to keep a poor student. "Learn, Lady," he would say to his wife, "to be content with little, that thy God may be content with thee." His authority extended from the Oxus to the Jaxartes; and the Usbegs of Bokhara, usually a stiffnecked unruly generation, obeyed him with a respect bordering on worship. These Tartars, says Sir John Malcolm, "were easily persuaded that a leader who condemned the wordly pleasures they prized, and who preferred the patched mantle and crooked staff of a medicant priest to a royal robe and sceptre, must act under the immediate direction of the Divine Being." Riding in his beggar's dress at the head of his army, he made early incursions into Khorassan, subdued Merv, and waged war with the ruler of Cabul. A curious account of his camp is given by a Persian writer. Beggi Jan is described as dining on a piece of stale barley-bread and a little meat, served up on a wooden platter. "God knows," says the fastidious Persian, "in what year of the Hegira the bread had been baked." Beggi Jan, with all his power, was content to hold only the title of Minister. His son assumed that of Sovereign, and was the great-grandfather of the present Ameer of Bokhara.

The story of the conquest of Merv by Beggi Jan is as follows. The Sultan's Weir at Merv was protected by a fort. The commandant of this fort was enamoured of a young lady of the place, whose charms, however, had also attracted the notice of the Khan of Merv. This led to much ill-feeling; and when the governor went so far as to forcibly abduct the lady, the commandant, in disgust, surrendered his fort to Beggi Jan. Beggi Jan promptly cut the Sultan's Weir; and the people of Merv, threatened with the horror, of famine, gave in. They were deported to Bokhara, and Merv fell rapidly into decay. The Russians, according to the *St. Petersburg Viedomity*, hope to restore the oasis to its former prosperity by repairing the Sultan's Weir. This engineering work is said to have been built of stone, faced with bitumen and hydraulic cement. Some few years before the Russian occupation, the Tekke Turkomans made a smaller dam; which, however, is always liable to be damaged by floods.

The Seljuk Sultan, Sandjar, from whom the Sultan's Weir (*Band-i-Sultan*) takes its name, was a more powerful ruler than Beggi Jan. His empire stretched from Kashgar to Antioch, and from the Caspian to Babel-Mandeb. Merv was his capital, and he was buried there. The Mongols destroyed his tomb; but the weir he built has commemorated his name for upwards of seven centuries.

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THE ACTION FOR LIBEL AGAINST MR. BALFOUR.

THE motion on behalf of the Chief Secretary to stay proceedings in the action brought against him by Margaret Dillon, midwife, came again before the Lord Chief Baron and Mr. Justice Andrews on November 10. The case has assumed importance from the fact that if the plaintiff can hold a member of Parliament responsible for what is published in "Hansard," absolute privilege of the privilege of Parliament to libel third parties with absolute impunity will be practically abolished. The action was to recover £500 damages for libel and slander uttered in the House of Commons. The reports of the language used that was relied upon originally, where those of the newspapers, but subsequently the report in "Hansard" was added, and the motion was adjourned to enable the defendant to file an answer to a final affidavit of the plaintiff, touching the alleged revision by the defendant of his speech. For the defendant there appeared the Attorney-General, M. P.; the Solicitor-General, Q. C., and Mr. E. Carson; for the plaintiff Mr. F. Nolan, Q. C., and Mr. Bodkin.

Mr. Nolan, Q.C., in reopening the motion, said:—Since the last day a very short and carefully prepared affidavit had been made by the defendant, Mr. Balfour, which contained important admissions. The defendant, deposed :—

"It is untrue, as stated in the fifth paragraph of the said affidavit (plaintiff's) that I corrected the proof of the speech containing the words complained of in the said plaintiff's statement of claim, and returned same to be published in the publication known as 'Hansard's Parliamentary Reports,' or that same was published in said reports by my direction. I say that I did not correct, approve of, or read any proof of the speech nor did I return same to Hansard for publication. I neither printed nor published in the publication known as 'Hansard's Parliamentrry Reports' the words complained of in the said paragraph."

Counsel observed that the custom of the conductors of Hansard—as was proved by the report of the commission of 1878 on Parliamentary reports—was to send out proofs of all speeches delivered in the House of Commons, except short speeches of a few lines, to the different speakers, who either corrected and returned them for publication or by retaining them acquiesced in the accuracy and fitness of the report for publication. It was proved in 1878 that in the previous year as many as 2,268 such proofs were sent out, of which 2,263 were returned, and Mr. Thomas Hansard (the editor), being asked whether he believed the balance of 1,900 not returned were assumed to be correct by the members to whom they had been sent, replied "I have been told so."

Mr. Justice Andrews said he believed that would be no evidence either in a motion or before a jury, and he declined to act upon it.

The Solicitor-General.—I do not know anything myself about this alleged custom, not having the honour of a seat in Parliament, but I think if legal proof is essential, my learned friend will produce it.

Mr. Nolan, Q.C., said the defendant did not deny that that was the custom, nor that he received the proofs of his speechs, and it was quite consistent with his affidavit that the speech in question was revised by his secretary or somebody in his office. That defendant was a very busy man and had a lot of work to do, and he did not transact all his business without aid.

Mr. Justice Andrews.—Mr. Nolan said it was consistent with the affidavit that the defendant got the proof of his speech and returned it; but supposing he did so was it actionable?

Mr. Nolan contended that it was not a question to be settled on motion.

Mr. Justice Andrews.—Can you make me libel another man by sending me a libellous document referring to him—assuming it to be libellous—and my sending it back to you?

Mr. Nolan said the authorities went the length of saying that if a person took any step whatsoever to procure, produce, or even facilitate the publication of a libel he was responsible in law; and in the present case they could prove publication in "Hansard" by proving the custom or by examining Mr. Balfour and discovering what he did with the proof in question which, for aught counsel knew, might have been handed over to his secretary or clerk for correction and transmission to "Hansard," where the statements were repeated by defendant, with a full knowledge of their inaccurate and libellous character, and the statements had been contradicted by the parish priest and vicar-general of the district.

The Lord Chief Baron.—How do you prove the question on which you rely as to publication in "Hansard?"

Mr. Nolan said it was proposed to in a formal affidavit by Mr. T. P. Gill, P. M., and also from evidence given by the Parliamentary Committee of 1878 on reporting.

Mr. Bodkin followed on the same side. He said it was stated in the plaintiff's affidavit that the charge proved was not denied or admitted. The defendant had not either the courage to declare its truth or the frankness to admit its falsehood. On these grounds he submitted that the case ought to be allowed to go to trial. The plaintiff had sworn that she believed the words were used out of Parliament.

The Chief Baron asked whether the defendant in his affidavit had not denied that.

Counsel admitted that he had.

The Chief Baron said the Court should stay the action if particulars as to the occasion on which the words were used out of Parliament were not supplied.

Mr. Bodkin.—It would be impossible to get direct proofs at this stage of the action.

The Chief Baron said it was absolutely necessary to have it stated on what occasion, if any, the words were spoken out of Parliament. This had not been done by the plaintiff.

Mr. Bodkin said that if they now stated their belief that the words were spoken out of Parliament the action ought not to be stayed. He relied in the the second place, on the fact that the publication was proved, and that inferentially it was clear that the speech was revised by the defendant for "Hansard."

The Solicitor-General, in reply, said that Mr. Balfour had never any privity with "Hansard" with reference to this publication. The case made by the plaintiff in her affidavit had been effectually met.

The Chief Baron said the Court would deliver judgment on Saturday.

LOVE-MAKING IN THE OLDEN TIME.

LOVE-MAKING, as far as sentiment goes, has been much the same in all ages, although it would seem the mode of courting has varied much at different periods. Closely associated as this important preliminary to the marriage ceremony is with our social life, past and present, it is not surprising that it has been marked by sundry curious forms of courtesie and customs. From the numerous illustrations interspersed throughout the writings of our old dramatists to courtship it appears that in former days it was much the same among all classes—often lacking that polish and refinement of expression which happily characterise it now-a-days. That this was so there is abundant proof, and as Mr. Drake remarks in his "Shakespeare and His Times" (1817, I. 220), the amorous dialogues of Hamlet, Hotspur, and Henry V. are not more refined than those which occur between Master Fenton and Anne Page in the "Merry Wives of Windsor," between Lorenso and Jessica in the "Merchant of Venice," and between Orlando and Rosalind in "As You Like It." But if our fore-father were less delicate in their manner of speech as a rule, they were equally strict in observing those grand rules of tender courtesy and respect which cannot fail to lend a charm to those poetic days of human life. Most of the old conventionalities of courtship have fallen into disuse, young men no longer exhibit their love by those outward indications which were once the fashion. Thus it would seem, they wore their garments in a slipshod manner—a practice to which Rosalind refers when she tells Orlando: "There is none of my uncle's marks upon you; he taught me how to know a man in love. Your hose should be ungartered, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbuttoned, your shoe untied, and everything about you demonstrate a careless desolation;" the idea being that their courtship absorbed their whole time and caused them to be careless in all other concerns. In Shakespeare's days, too, it was customary for young gallants to wear a long lock of hair dangling by the ear, which was popularly known as a "love-lock." Hence, in "Much Ado about Nothing," the Watch identifies one of his delinquents:—

I know him, a wears a lock.

And Dogberry gives another allusion to this usage:—"He wears a key in his ear and a lock hanging by it." At the commencement of the seventeenth century the love-lock became so fashionable that Charles I. adopted it in imitation of his courtiers, but latter on it gradually fell into disuse. Again, a melancholy air was effected by the men of Queen Elizabeth's time as a refined mark of gentility, a sad and pathetic reference to which custom is made by Arthur in "King John" (vi. 1)—

Methinks nobody should be sad but I;
Yet I remember, when I was in France,
Young gentlemen would be as sad as night
only for wantonness.

There are frequent notices of this eccentric fashion in our old writers. Thus, in Ben Jonson's "Every Man in His Humour," we read, "I will be more proud, and melancholy, and gentlemanlike, than I have been, I'll assure you." And an excellent picture of "one of these melancholic" is drawn by Sir John Davis in his forty-seventh epigram, entitled "Meditations of a Gull." Another strange mode by which the gallants of by-gone years declared the sincerity of their love was by the performance of various odd feats. They vied, far instance, with each other in drinking off flap-dragons to the health of their lady loves; these being small combustible bodies set on fire and put adfeat in a glass of liquor. The courage of the drinker was tried in the attempt to toss off the glass in such a manner as to prevent the flap-dragon doing mischief—raisins in hot brandy having been the usual flap-dragon. The custom is several times mentioned in Shakespear, as in "Love's Labour's Lost," where Costard says:—"Then sack cannot scalded sham a flap-dragon;" and in 2 "Henry IV.," Falstaff speaks of drinking off "candle's ends for flap-dragons." Once more Ben Jonson in the "Masque of the Moon," says:—"None will hang themselves for love, or eat candle's ends, as sublunary lovers do." Similarly, as a mark of gallantry, young men frequently stabbed themselves with daggers, and mingling their blood with wine drank it off to the health of their lady loves. Hence it may be remembered how in the "Merchant of Venice," (II., i.) the Prince of Morrocco, when addressing himself to Portia, and urging his claim for her hand, exclaims:—

Bring me the fairest creature northward born
Where Phœbus' fire scorce thaws the icicles,
And let us make incision for your love,
To prove whose blood is reddest, his or mine.

Of the many other usages connected with courtship in past years may be noticed the fashion of lovers presenting each other handkerchiefs, with amorous devices worked in the corners. In Howe's "Addition to Stow's Chronicle" we are informed how "it was the custom of maids and gentlewomen to give their favourites, as tokens of their love, little handkerchiefs of about three or four inches square, with a button or tassel at each corner. The best were edged with gold lace or twist, which, being folded up in four cross folds, were usually worn by gentlemen in their hats as favours of their loves. "Some cost six-pence apiece, some twelve-pence." A pretty allusion occurs in the old play of the "Vow-Breaker," where Mills, a miller, is introduced, telling his sweetheart, on going away to the wars: "Ursula, 'tis not unknown that I love you; if I die it shall be for your sake, and it shall be valiantly. I leave a handkerchief with you." It was also customary for ladies to wear their lovers' hair, and hence a lady in Beaumont and Fletcher's "Cupid's Revenge" says:—

Given earrings we shall wear,
Bracelets of our lover's hair,
Which they on our arms shall twist,
With their names carved on our wrist.

AYOOB KHAN'S SURRENDER.

THE *St. James's Gazette* writes as follows on the subject of Ayoob Khan's surrender:—By a curious coincidence, Ayoob Khan has surrendered to an English officer bearing almost the same name as that of the young lieutenant of artillery for whose murder England must hold the Sirdar more directly responsible than for all the slaughter at Maiwand. After the capture of Ayoob's camp by General Roberts, Lieutenant Maclaine's body was found lying close to the Sirdar's tent. General Roberts recorded "with melancholy satisfaction" the death of a brave young officer, whose short career had been so full of promise." The British Agent at Meshed to whose protection Ayoob Khan has now commended himself is Colonel C. S. MacLean, C. B., formerly in command of a regiment of the Punjaub frontier force, and employed of late under the Indian Foreign Office in Khorassan.

Khaf, where Ayoob Khan has been hiding, is a small town on the Persian border, about seventy-five miles from the Afghan fort of Ghorian, and a few days' journey from Meshed. It is fortunate that there happens to be any British officer at the latter place. Colonel MacLean's appointment is quite a recent one; a native Agent being considered for a long time enough, in spite of the remonstrances of all who could appreciate the gravity of the interests involved. But for the presence of Colonel MacLean in Meshed or the neighbourhood, Ayoob would either have sought refuge with the Russians there or have trusted to the sanctity of the "Bast"—the precincts of the inviolable shrine of Iman Reza. As it is the duty of removing him to a more convenient abode will be one of no little difficulty. The offer of a bodyguard was with Afghans; and there are also a number of Russian subjects there, accredited agents, traders, and nondescript adventurers, who would be quite ready to attempt a rescue if instructed to do so by the Russian Ambassador at Teheran. Colonel Maclean, however, besides being a distinguished soldier—(he was twice severely wounded in the Mutiny served in the China war of 1860, won a C.B. in the Afghan war, and commanded his regiment for the last time on service in the Waziri expedition)—possesses tact and experience; and now, at any rate, we may look to the Shah's Governor in Khorassan to use every precaution against a mishap. Ayoob Khan must be taken under a strong guard to Bushire, and thence by sea to British India. His future for the time being is easily arranged for. A moderate allowance and a residence under observation at some Indian hill station Ootacamund or elsewhere, is all the Afghan pretender can expect for the present. It is too early to discuss the position he might assume

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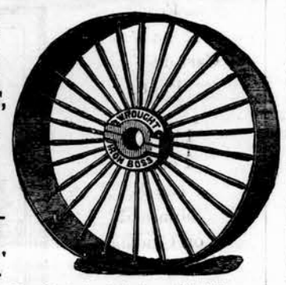

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For the Manufacture of Transparent Block Ice or for all Refrigerating Purposes on the Anhydrous Ammonia Absorption System.

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A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine will make	10 lbs.	of Ice with an expenditure of	One Pound of Coal.
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A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine requires a steam engine of 3 horse power.
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In selecting a Freezing Machine these advantages undeniably point to the great superiority of Anhydrous Ammonia by the BECK-REECE *Patent System over Ether or other Refrigerants.*

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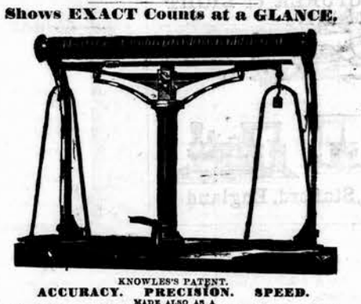

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CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

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A Pure Essence of the Finest Ginger, perfectly free from Capsicum. Highly adapted for the manufacture of Transparent Aerated Waters, and for all Dietetic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical purposes. Trade Price, 5s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. 6d. per lb.

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Specially prepared for the manufacture of the very Finest Ginger Ale made, is an addition of Vanilla, Lemon, and other flavours to the above. It imparts, with the exquisite Ginger Aroma of the above-mentioned Essence, a peculiarly fine fruity flavour, combined with the fullest amount of fragrance and pungency. Trade Price, 5s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s. Quantity required, 5 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

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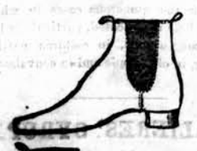

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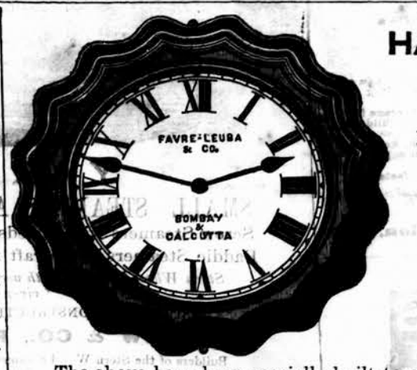

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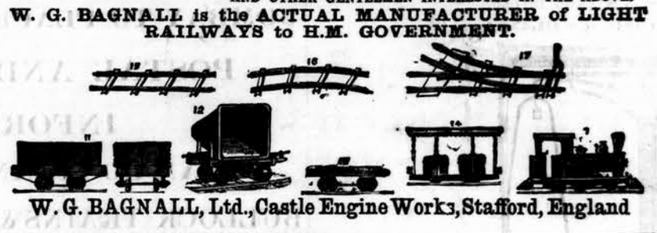

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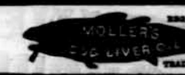

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